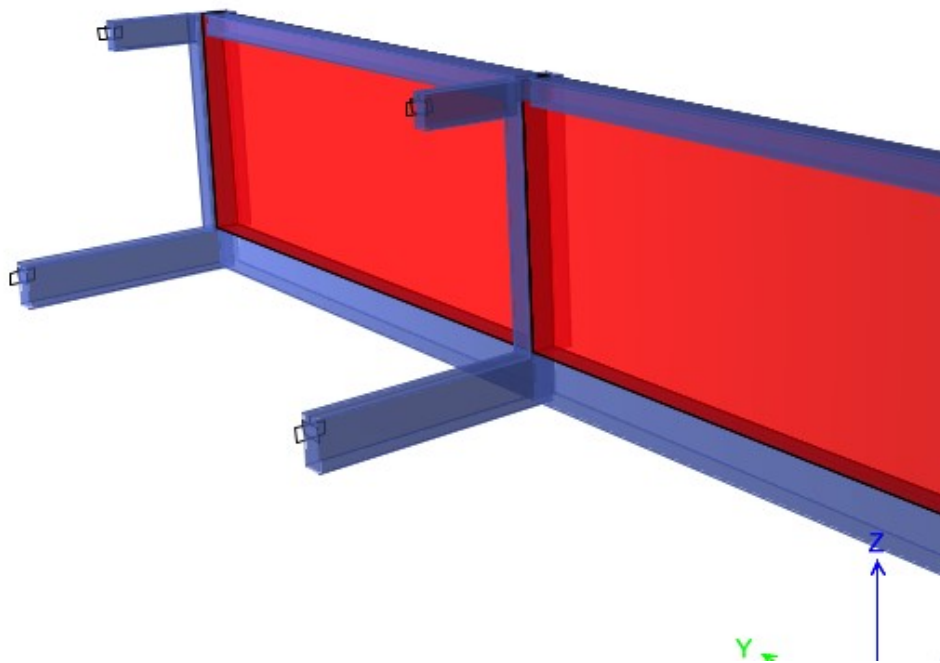


PROYEK
RUKO SOUTH CITY SQUARE LOT 1
TANGERANG SELATAN - BANTEN

LAPORAN PERBAIKAN STRUKTUR
PENAHAN TANAH



JAKARTA, FEBRUARI 2020

I. DESAIN KRITERIA

KRITERIA PERANCANGAN STRUKTUR

A. KETERANGAN UMUM

1. **Nama Proyek** : Desain Perbaikan Struktur Penahan Tanah
Ruko South City Square Lot 1
2. **Lokasi** : Jl. Southcity Raya, Tangerang Selatan-Banten
3. **Deskripsi Pekerjaan** :

Proyek Ruko South City Square Lot 1 merupakan bangunan yang sudah berdiri. Namun kondisi existing struktur penahan tanah menunjukkan bahwa adanya area yang membutuhkan perbaikan struktur dikarenakan adanya struktur penahan tanah gagal di lapangan.

B. SPESIFIKASI BAHAN

1. Beton

Mutu beton ditentukan berdasarkan kekuatan karakteristik beton f'_c dengan benda uji silinder pada umur beton 28 hari.

Mutu beton yang digunakan adalah sebagai berikut

- Tie Beam : $f'_c = 25$ MPa
- Kolom : $f'_c = 25$ MPa
- Dinding : $f'_c = 25$ MPa

Parameter sifat mekanis beton:

- Modulus elastisitas $E_c = 4700\sqrt{f'_c}$ (MPa).
- Untuk pembebanan sesaat, modulus elastisitas dapat ditingkatkan sampai 1.3 kali.
- *Poisson Ratio* beton = 0.2.

2. Baja tulangan

Jenis baja tulangan yang digunakan adalah sebagai berikut:

- ASTM A-615M Grade 280, $f_y = 280$ MPa digunakan untuk baja tulangan polos diameter $\varnothing < 10$ mm.
- ASTM A-615M Grade 420, $f_y = 420$ MPa digunakan untuk baja tulangan ulir diameter $D \geq 10$ mm.

Parameter sifat mekanis baja tulangan:

- Modulus elastisitas $E_s = 200000$ MPa
-

C. PEMBEBANAN

Pembebanan didasarkan pada peraturan SNI-1727:2013 (Beban Minimum untuk Perancangan Bangunan Gedung dan Struktur Lain).

Beban yang ditinjau terdiri dari beban mati dan beban hidup.

Kombinasi Pembebanan yang digunakan dalam analisis ini adalah kombinasi beban tetap, antara lain:

$$U = 1,4 \text{ DL}$$

$$U = 1,2 \text{ DL} + 1,6 \text{ LL}$$

D. PERHITUNGAN STRUKTUR

1. Penulangan Dinding Penahan Tanah

Penulangan pelat lantai dihitung berdasarkan pembebanan $U = 1,2 \text{ DL} + 1,6 \text{ LL}_R$

2. Penulangan Lentur dan Gaya Lintang Tie Beam

Penulangan lentur dan gaya lintang pada daerah tumpuan dan lapangan tie beam dihitung berdasarkan pembebanan:

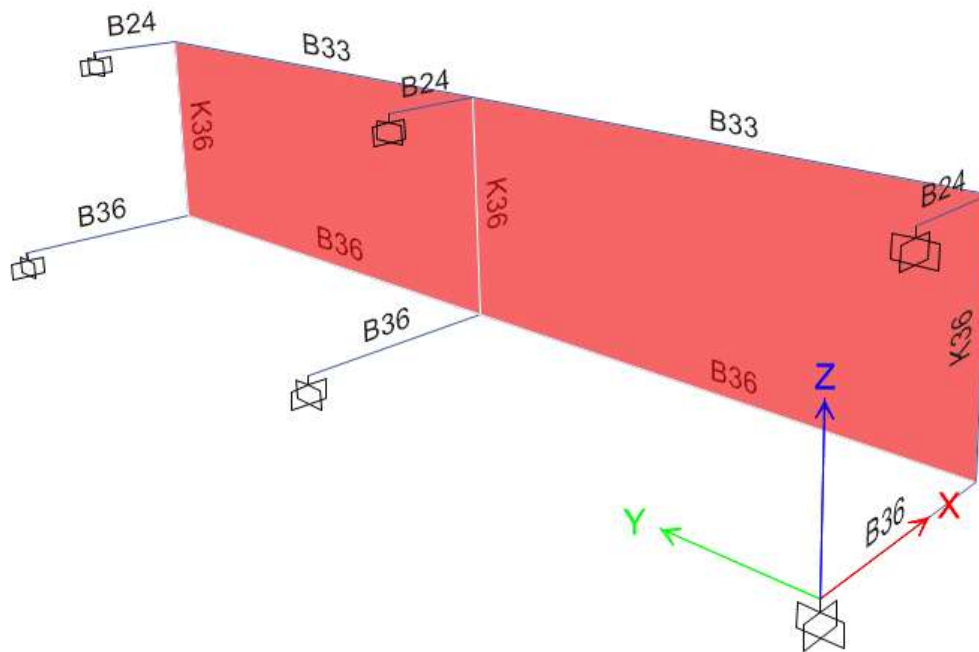
$$U = 1,4 \text{ DL}$$

$$U = 1,2 \text{ DL} + 1,6 \text{ LL}$$

ANALISIS STRUKTUR

Terdapat 2 kondisi perkuatan struktur penahan tanah Ruko South City Lot 1, antara lain:

1. Perkuatan dinding sheet pile eksisting dengan ditambahkan balok strutting pada elevasi pondasi dan elevasi lantai 1.
2. Perbaikan dinding sheet pile yang rubuh dengan cara pembongkaran dinding existing yang sudah retak diganti dengan dinding baru yang duduk di atas tie beam yang terhubung ke struktur utama. Dalam tahap pelaksanaannya akan dilakukan galian opencut terlebih dahulu pada sisi lahan tetangga dan akan dilakukan pengurugan kembali setelah dinding penahan tanah sudah terlaksana di lapangan.



Gambar 1 : Pemodelan Dinding dengan ETABS

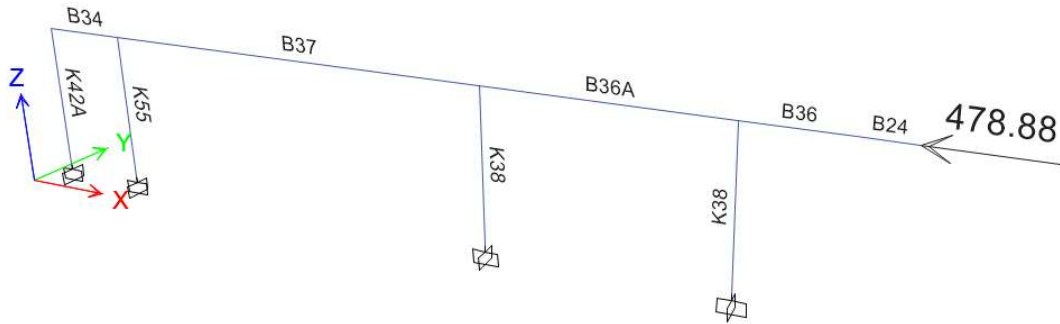
Pemodelan dinding penahan tanah, balok, *tie beam* dan kolom menggunakan ETABS. Dinding dimodelkan setinggi 3.6 meter dengan panjang bentang 8.2 meter dan tebal 300 mm.

Dimensi yang digunakan adalah :

- Balok strutting lantai 1 = 200 x 400 mm dengan panjang bentang 1.5 meter.
-

- *Tie beam* = 300 x 600 mm dengan panjang bentang 3 meter menghubungkan *pilecap* dan dinding.
- *Tie beam* = 300 x 600 mm dengan panjang bentang 8.2 meter sepanjang dinding penahan tanah.
- Kolom dinding = 300 x 600 mm.

Beban lateral tanah yang digunakan pada permukaan dinding adalah sebesar 6.48 ton/m^2 .

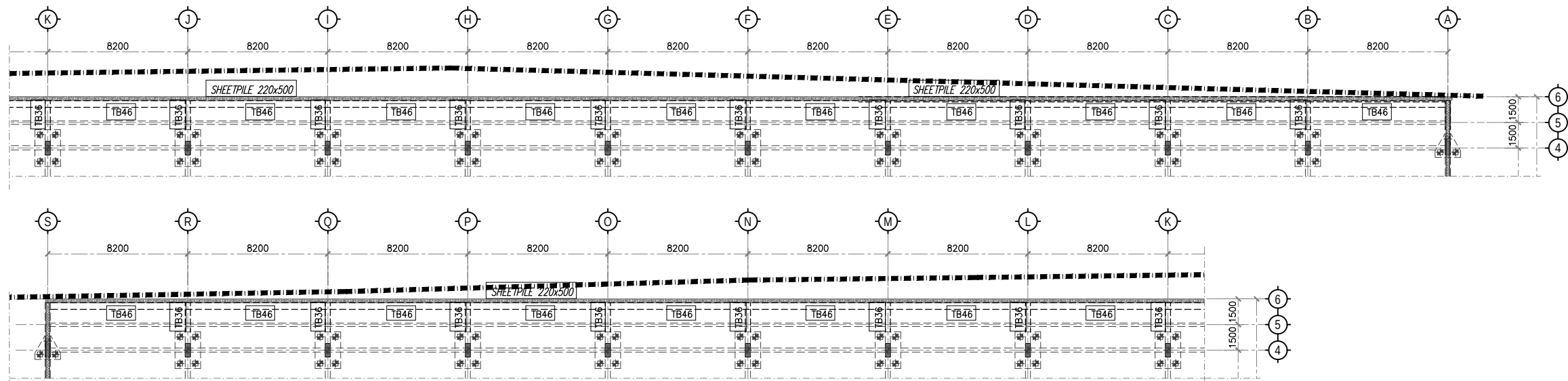


Gambar 2 : Pemodelan Portal Sederhana Gaya strutting dinding ke Bangunan Utama

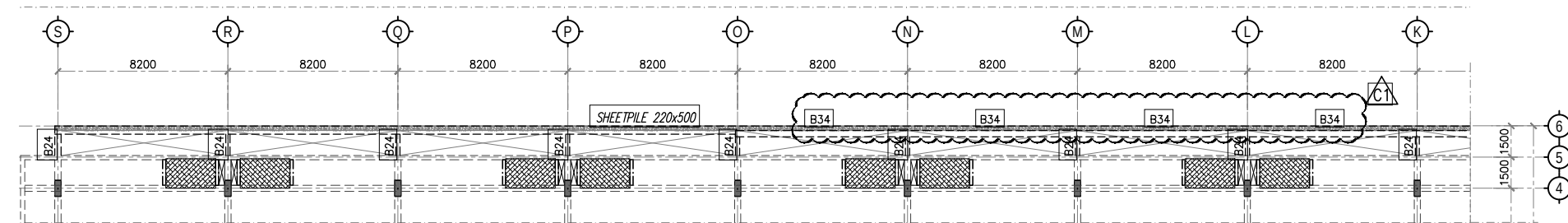
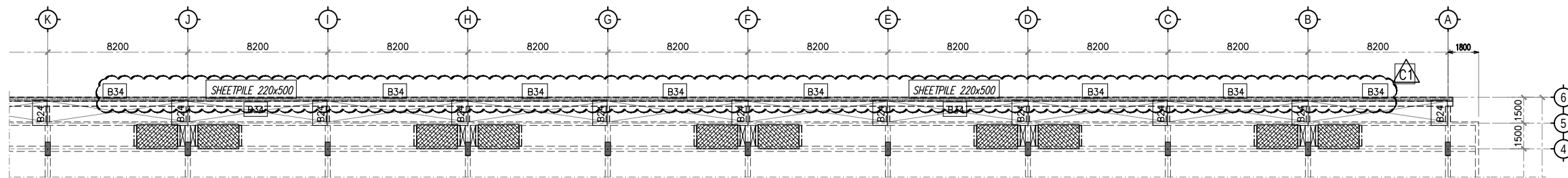
Model sederhana dibuat dengan program ETABS berdasarkan gambar perkuatan yang diajukan oleh pihak perencana sebelumnya. Hasil analisis menunjukkan bahwa bangunan utama akan mengalami defleksi maksimum bangunan sebesar 7.024 mm. Gaya lateral yang diterima oleh balok 200 x 400 mm tegak lurus dinding adalah sebesar 478.88 KN untuk dinding per 8.2 m.

Terlampir perhitungan pembesian untuk dinding, kolom, dan balok.

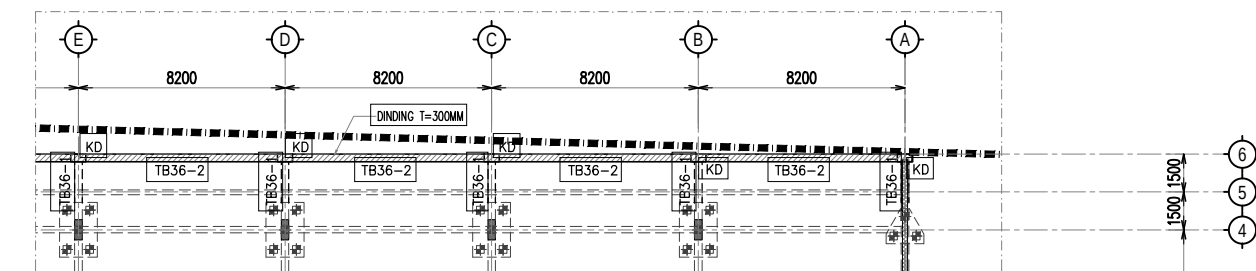
II. DENAH, POTONGAN DAN DETAIL STRUKTUR PENAHAN TANAH



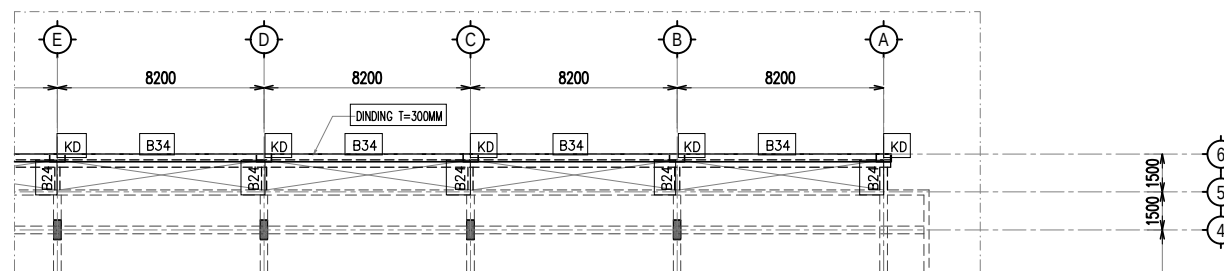
DENAH PERKUATAN SHEET PILE LANTAI BASEMENT



DENAH PERKUATAN SHEET PILE LANTAI 1



DENAH PERBAIKAN STRUKTUR PENAHAN TANAH LANTAI BASEMENT



DENAH PERBAIKAN STRUKTUR PENAHAN TANAH LANTAI 1

CATATAN =
- B34 DARI AS A S/D AS 0
(SELEVEL CAPPING BEAM EXISTING)
- TB36-2 DARI AS A S/D AS E
(POSISI DI BAWAH DINDING T=300MM)

PROYEK		
RUKO SOUTH CITY SQUARE LOT. 1		
OWNER / DEVELOPER		
KONSULTAN PERENCANA		
KONSULTAN STRUKTUR		
KONSULTAN M&E		
MANAJEMEN KONSTRUKSI		
Catatan:		
NO.	KETERANGAN	TANGGAL
C1	POSISI WALLER BEAM	
NOTE: MUTU BETON = f_c 25 MPa MUTU BESI TULANGAN = U-40 MUTU BAJA S5400 MUTU LAS E-70XX MUTU BAUT A325M		
JUDUL GAMBAR		
DENAH STRUTTING SHEET PILE EKSISTING & DENAH PERBAIKAN STRUKTUR PENAHAN TANAH		
STATUS : FOR CONSTRUCTION		
DIGAMBAR	DIPERIKSA	DISETUJUI
SKALA		
(A1)	1:150	TANGGAL
(A3)	1:150	
KODE GAMBAR		NO. REVISI
SA-01		C1
DIKELUARKAN UNTUK		
CONSTRUCTION		

III. ANALISIS PERHITUNGAN

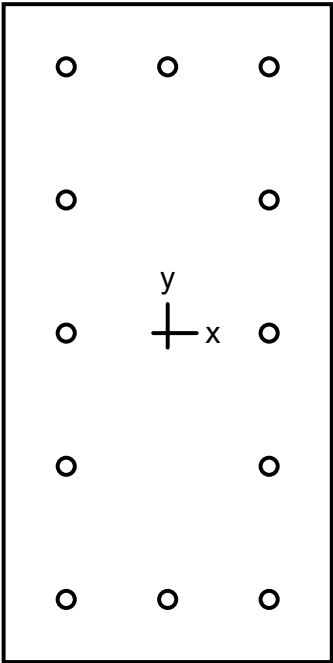
Perhitungan Dinding Penahan Tanah Ruko South City Square Lot. 1

Tulangan Longitudinal

Tinggi	=	3600 mm	
Tebal	=	300 mm	(minimum H/25)
Selimut	=	75 mm	
D sengkang	=	10 mm	
d	=	215 mm	
f'c	=	25 MPa	β 0.85
Fy	=	400 MPa	
M _u (factored)	=	84.3961 KNm	
ϕ	=	0.9	
R _n	=	$\frac{M_u}{\phi b d^2}$	
	=	2.0286	
m	=	$\frac{f_y}{0.85 f_c}$	
	=	18.8235	
ρ_{min}	=	0.0035	
ρ_{max}	=	0.0135	
ρ syarat vertikal	=	0.0015	
ρ syarat horizontal	=	0.0025	
ρ	=	0.0053	
ρ_{used}	=	0.0053	
A _s	=	1148.0900 mm ²	
Main Reinf.	=	D 16	- 200
Horizontal Reinf.	=	D 13	- 250

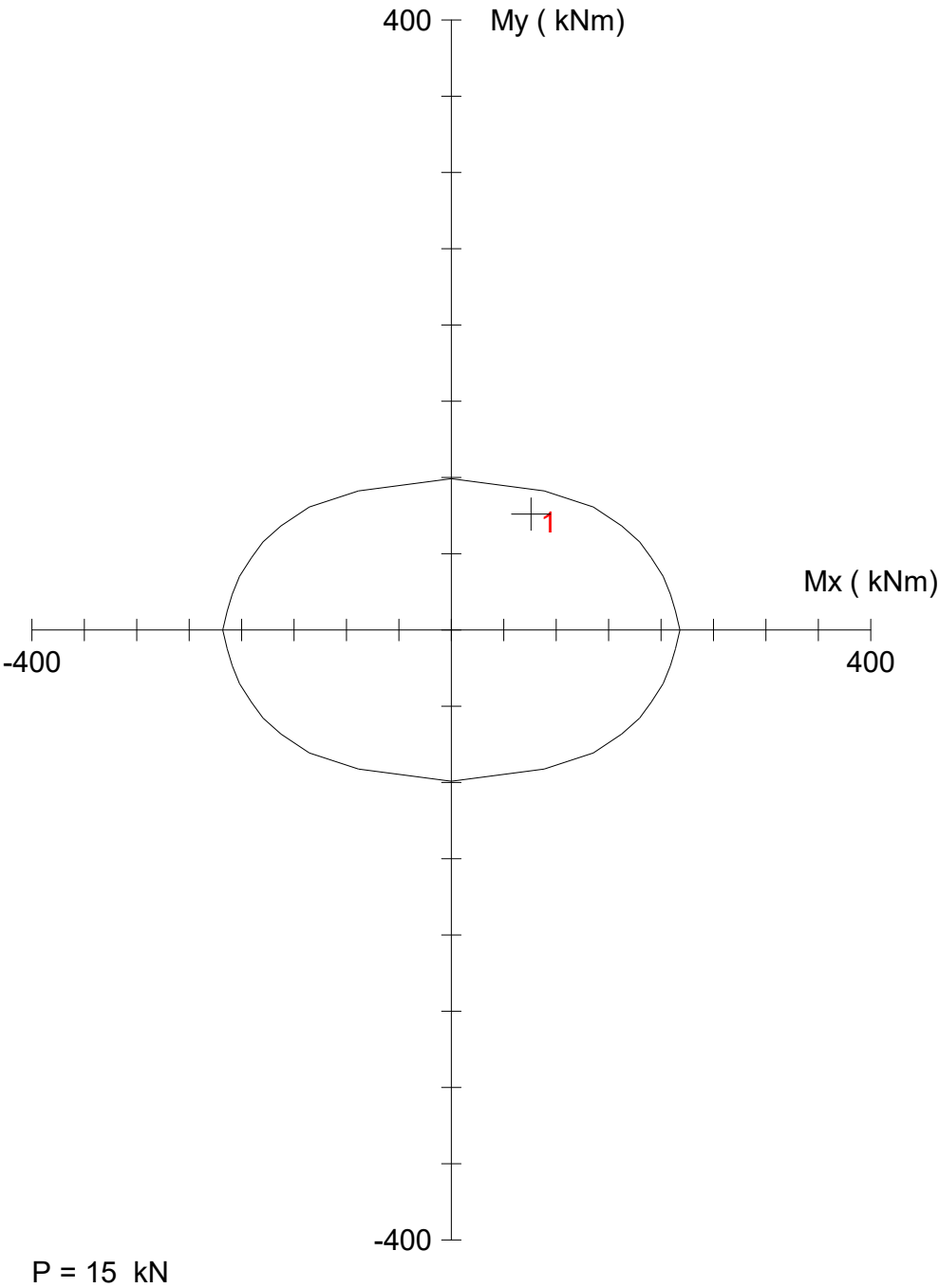
Sengkang dan Ties

V _u (factored)	=	140.9474 kN	
ϕ	=	0.75	
ϕV_c	=	134.375 kN	
V _s	=	6.5724 kN	
Shear Reinf.	=	D 10	- 300



300 x 600 mm

Code: ACI 318-11
Units: Metric
Run axis: Biaxial
Run option: Investigation
Slenderness: Not considered
Column type: Structural
Bars: ASTM A615M



spColumn v4.81. Licensed to: user, user. License ID:

Project:			
Column:		Engineer:	
f _c = 25 MPa	f _y = 400 MPa	Ag = 180000 mm ²	12 #16 bars
Ec = 23500 MPa	Es = 200000 MPa	As = 2388 mm ²	rho = 1.33%
f _c = 21.25 MPa		Xo = 0 mm	I _x = 5.4e+009 mm ⁴
e _u = 0.003 mm/mm		Yo = 0 mm	I _y = 1.35e+009 mm ⁴
Beta1 = 0.85		Min clear spacing = 77 mm	Clear cover = 49 mm
Confinement: Tied			
phi(a) = 0.8, phi(b) = 0.9, phi(c) = 0.65			

Perhitungan Balok B24

Data :

Ukuran Balok	$b := 200\text{mm}$	$h := 400\text{mm}$	$d_s := 40\text{mm}$
Material	$f_c := 25\text{MPa}$	$E_s := 29725.41\text{MPa}$	
Spesifikasi Tulangan	$f_y := 400\text{MPa}$	$D := 16\text{mm}$	$D_s := 10\text{mm}$
Momen dan Geser	Tumpuan		Lapangan
	$Mu_{1a} := 96\text{kN}\cdot\text{m}$		$Mu_{2a} := 62\text{kN}\cdot\text{m}$
	$Mu_{1b} := 48\text{kN}\cdot\text{m}$		$Mu_{2b} := 24\text{kN}\cdot\text{m}$
	$Vu_1 := 73\text{kN}$		$Vu_2 := 74\text{kN}$

Perhitungan :

Tulangan Lentur

*) Tumpuan atas

$$d := h - d_s = 360\cdot\text{mm}$$

$$\text{Faktor reduksi kuat lentur} \quad \phi := 0.9$$

$$m := \frac{f_y}{0.85 \cdot f_c} = 18.824$$

$$R_n := \frac{Mu_{1a}}{\phi \cdot b \cdot d^2} = 4.115 \cdot \text{MPa}$$

$$\beta := 0.85 - \left[\frac{0.05 \cdot (f_c - 28\text{MPa})}{7\text{MPa}} \right] = 0.871$$

$$\rho_{\min} := 0.0035$$

$$\rho_{\max} := 0.75 \cdot \frac{0.75 \cdot f_c \cdot \beta}{f_y} \cdot \left(\frac{0.003 E_s}{0.003 \cdot E_s + f_y} \right) = 5.585 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\rho := \frac{1}{m} \cdot \left(1 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{2 \cdot m \cdot R_n}{f_y}} \right) = 0.01154$$

$$\rho_{\text{pakai}} := \begin{cases} \rho_{\min} & \text{if } \rho < \rho_{\min} \\ \rho & \text{if } \rho > \rho_{\max} \\ \rho & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad \rho_{\text{pakai}} = 0.01154$$

$$\text{Minimum area of rebar} \quad A_s := \rho_{\text{pakai}} \cdot b \cdot d = 831.013 \cdot \text{mm}^2$$

$$\text{Min. number of rebar} \quad n := \text{Ceil} \left(\frac{A_s}{0.25 \cdot \pi \cdot D^2}, 1 \right) = 5$$

$$\text{Number of rebar use} \quad n_b := 5$$

$$\text{Tumpuan Atas} := \begin{cases} \text{"Ok"} & \text{if } n \leq n_b \\ \text{"Not Ok"} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Tumpuan Atas = "Ok"

5D16

*) Tumpuan bawah

$$R_n := \frac{Mu_{1b}}{\phi \cdot b \cdot d^2} = 2.058 \cdot \text{MPa}$$

$$\rho := \frac{1}{m} \cdot \left(1 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{2 \cdot m \cdot R_n}{f_y}} \right) = 0.00542$$

$$\rho_{pakai} := \begin{cases} \rho_{\min} & \text{if } \rho < \rho_{\min} \\ \rho & \text{if } \rho > \rho_{\max} \\ \rho & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad \rho_{pakai} = 0.00542$$

Minimum area of rebar $A_s := \rho_{pakai} \cdot b \cdot d = 390.281 \cdot \text{mm}^2$

Min. number of rebar $n := \text{Ceil} \left(\frac{A_s}{0.25 \cdot \pi \cdot D^2}, 1 \right) = 2$

Number of rebar use $n_b := 3$

TumpuanBawah := $\begin{cases} \text{"Ok"} & \text{if } n \leq n_b \\ \text{"Not Ok"} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

TumpuanBawah = "Ok"

3D16

*) Lapangan atas

$$R_n := \frac{Mu_{2a}}{\phi \cdot b \cdot d^2} = 2.658 \cdot \text{MPa}$$

$$\rho := \frac{1}{m} \cdot \left(1 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{2 \cdot m \cdot R_n}{f_y}} \right) = 0.00712$$

$$\rho_{pakai} := \begin{cases} \rho_{\min} & \text{if } \rho < \rho_{\min} \\ \rho & \text{if } \rho > \rho_{\max} \\ \rho & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad \rho_{pakai} = 0.00712$$

Minimum area of rebar $A_s := \rho_{pakai} \cdot b \cdot d = 512.765 \cdot \text{mm}^2$

Min. number of rebar $n := \text{Ceil} \left(\frac{A_s}{0.25 \cdot \pi \cdot D^2}, 1 \right) = 3$

Number of rebar use $n_b := 3$

LapanganAtas := $\begin{cases} \text{"Ok"} & \text{if } n \leq n_b \\ \text{"Not Ok"} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

LapanganAtas = "Ok"

4D16

*) Lapangan bawah

$$R_n := \frac{Mu_{2b}}{\phi \cdot b \cdot d^2} = 1.029 \cdot \text{MPa}$$

$$\rho := \frac{1}{m} \cdot \left(1 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{2 \cdot m \cdot R_n}{f_y}} \right) = 0.00264$$

$$\rho_{pakai} := \begin{cases} \rho_{min} & \text{if } \rho < \rho_{min} \\ \rho & \text{if } \rho > \rho_{max} \\ \rho & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad \rho_{pakai} = 0.0035$$

Minimum area of rebar $A_s := \rho_{pakai} \cdot b \cdot d = 252 \cdot \text{mm}^2$

Min. number of rebar $n := \text{Ceil} \left(\frac{A_s}{0.25 \cdot \pi \cdot D^2}, 1 \right) = 2$

Number of rebar use $n_b := 3$

LapanganBawah := $\begin{cases} \text{"Ok"} & \text{if } n \leq n_b \\ \text{"Not Ok"} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

LapanganBawah = "Ok"

3D16

Perhitungan Sengkang

Faktor reduksi kuat geser $\phi := 0.6$

*) Tumpuan

Jarak antar sengkang $s_s := 150 \text{mm}$

Luas tulangan minimum $A_v := \frac{s_s \cdot V_{u1}}{f_y \cdot d} = 76.042 \cdot \text{mm}^2$

Jumlah minimum sengkang $n_s := \text{Ceil} \left(\frac{A_v}{0.25 \cdot \pi \cdot D_s^2}, 1 \right) = 1$

Jumlah sengkang dipakai $n_{bs} := 2$

Sengkang := $\begin{cases} \text{"Ok"} & \text{if } n_s \leq n_{bs} \\ \text{"Not Ok"} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

Sengkang = "Ok"

1D10-150

*) Lapangan

Jarak antar sengkang $s_s := 150 \text{mm}$

Luas tulangan minimum $A_v := \frac{s_s \cdot V_{u2}}{f_y \cdot d} = 77.083 \cdot \text{mm}^2$

Jumlah minimum sengkang $n_s := \text{Ceil} \left(\frac{A_v}{0.25 \cdot \pi \cdot D_s^2}, 1 \right) = 1$

Jumlah sengkang dipakai $n_{bs} := 2$

ShearReinforcing := $\begin{cases} \text{"Ok"} & \text{if } n_s \leq n_{bs} \\ \text{"Not Ok"} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

ShearReinforcing = "Ok"

1D10-150

Perhitungan Balok B34

Data :

Ukuran Balok	$b := 400\text{mm}$	$h := 300\text{mm}$	$ds := 40\text{mm}$
Material	$f_c := 25\text{MPa}$	$E_s := 29725.41\text{MPa}$	
Spesifikasi Tulangan	$f_y := 400\text{MPa}$	$D := 16\text{mm}$	$D_s := 10\text{mm}$
Momen dan Geser	Tumpuan		Lapangan
	$Mu_{1a} := 25\text{kN}\cdot\text{m}$		$Mu_{2a} := 34\text{kN}\cdot\text{m}$
	$Mu_{1b} := 25\text{kN}\cdot\text{m}$		$Mu_{2b} := 34\text{kN}\cdot\text{m}$
	$Vu_1 := 5\text{kN}$		$Vu_2 := 7\text{kN}$

Perhitungan :

Tulangan Lentur

$$d := h - ds = 260\cdot\text{mm}$$

$$\text{Faktor reduksi kuat lentur} \quad \phi := 0.9$$

$$m := \frac{f_y}{0.85 \cdot f_c} = 18.824$$

$$R_n := \frac{Mu_{1a}}{\phi \cdot b \cdot d^2} = 1.027 \cdot \text{MPa}$$

$$\beta := 0.85 - \left[\frac{0.05 \cdot (f_c - 28\text{MPa})}{7\text{MPa}} \right] = 0.871$$

$$\rho_{\min} := 0.0035$$

$$\rho_{\max} := 0.75 \cdot \frac{0.75 \cdot f_c \cdot \beta}{f_y} \cdot \left(\frac{0.003 E_s}{0.003 \cdot E_s + f_y} \right) = 5.585 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\rho := \frac{1}{m} \cdot \left(1 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{2 \cdot m \cdot R_n}{f_y}} \right) = 0.00263$$

$$\rho_{\text{pakai}} := \begin{cases} \rho_{\min} & \text{if } \rho < \rho_{\min} \\ \rho & \text{if } \rho > \rho_{\max} \\ \rho & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad \rho_{\text{pakai}} = 0.0035$$

$$\text{Minimum area of rebar} \quad A_s := \rho_{\text{pakai}} \cdot b \cdot d = 364 \cdot \text{mm}^2$$

$$\text{Min. number of rebar} \quad n := \text{Ceil} \left(\frac{A_s}{0.25 \cdot \pi \cdot D^2}, 1 \right) = 2$$

$$\text{Number of rebar use} \quad n_b := 3$$

$$\text{TulanganUtama} := \begin{cases} \text{"Ok"} & \text{if } n \leq n_b \\ \text{"Not Ok"} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

TulanganUtama = "Ok"

3D16

Perhitungan Sengkang

Faktor reduksi kuat geser $\phi := 0.6$

*) Tumpuan

Jarak antar sengkang $s_s := 200\text{mm}$

Luas tulangan minimum $A_v := \frac{s_s \cdot V_{u1}}{f_y \cdot d} = 9.615 \cdot \text{mm}^2$

Jumlah minimum sengkang $n_s := \text{Ceil}\left(\frac{A_v}{0.25 \cdot \pi \cdot D_s^2}, 1\right) = 1$

Jumlah sengkang dipakai $n_{bs} := 2$

Sengkang := $\begin{cases} \text{"Ok"} & \text{if } n_s \leq n_{bs} \\ \text{"Not Ok"} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

Sengkang = "Ok"

1D10-200

Perhitungan Balok B36-1

Data :

Ukuran Balok	$b := 300\text{mm}$	$h := 600\text{mm}$	$ds := 50\text{mm}$
Material	$f_c := 25\text{MPa}$	$E_s := 29725.41\text{MPa}$	
Spesifikasi Tulangan	$f_y := 400\text{MPa}$	$D := 22\text{mm}$	$D_s := 10\text{mm}$
Momen dan Geser	Tumpuan	Lapangan	
	$Mu_{1a} := 244\text{kN}\cdot\text{m}$	$Mu_{2a} := 203\text{kN}\cdot\text{m}$	
	$Mu_{1b} := 122\text{kN}\cdot\text{m}$	$Mu_{2b} := 68\text{kN}\cdot\text{m}$	
	$Vu_1 := 206\text{kN}$	$Vu_2 := 233\text{kN}$	

Perhitungan :

Tulangan Lentur

*) Tumpuan atas

$$d := h - ds = 550\cdot\text{mm}$$

$$\text{Faktor reduksi kuat lentur} \quad \phi := 0.9$$

$$m := \frac{f_y}{0.85 \cdot f_c} = 18.824$$

$$R_n := \frac{Mu_{1a}}{\phi \cdot b \cdot d^2} = 2.987 \cdot \text{MPa}$$

$$\beta := 0.85 - \left[\frac{0.05 \cdot (f_c - 28\text{MPa})}{7\text{MPa}} \right] = 0.871$$

$$\rho_{\min} := 0.0035$$

$$\rho_{\max} := 0.75 \cdot \frac{0.75 \cdot f_c \cdot \beta}{f_y} \cdot \left(\frac{0.003 E_s}{0.003 \cdot E_s + f_y} \right) = 5.585 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\rho := \frac{1}{m} \cdot \left(1 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{2 \cdot m \cdot R_n}{f_y}} \right) = 0.00808$$

$$\rho_{\text{pakai}} := \begin{cases} \rho_{\min} & \text{if } \rho < \rho_{\min} \\ \rho & \text{if } \rho > \rho_{\max} \\ \rho & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad \rho_{\text{pakai}} = 0.00808$$

$$\text{Minimum area of rebar} \quad A_s := \rho_{\text{pakai}} \cdot b \cdot d = 1333.801 \cdot \text{mm}^2$$

$$\text{Min. number of rebar} \quad n := \text{Ceil} \left(\frac{A_s}{0.25 \cdot \pi \cdot D^2}, 1 \right) = 4$$

$$\text{Number of rebar use} \quad n_b := 4$$

$$\text{Tumpuan Atas} := \begin{cases} \text{"Ok"} & \text{if } n \leq n_b \\ \text{"Not Ok"} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Tumpuan Atas = "Ok"

4D22

*) Tumpuan bawah

$$R_n := \frac{Mu_{1b}}{\phi \cdot b \cdot d^2} = 1.494 \cdot \text{MPa}$$

$$\rho := \frac{1}{m} \cdot \left(1 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{2 \cdot m \cdot R_n}{f_y}} \right) = 0.00388$$

$$\rho_{pakai} := \begin{cases} \rho_{\min} & \text{if } \rho < \rho_{\min} \\ \rho & \text{if } \rho > \rho_{\max} \\ \rho & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad \rho_{pakai} = 0.00388$$

Minimum area of rebar $A_s := \rho_{pakai} \cdot b \cdot d = 639.488 \cdot \text{mm}^2$

Min. number of rebar $n := \text{Ceil} \left(\frac{A_s}{0.25 \cdot \pi \cdot D^2}, 1 \right) = 2$

Number of rebar use $n_b := 3$

TumpuanBawah := $\begin{cases} \text{"Ok"} & \text{if } n \leq n_b \\ \text{"Not Ok"} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

TumpuanBawah = "Ok"

3D22

*) Lapangan atas

$$R_n := \frac{Mu_{2a}}{\phi \cdot b \cdot d^2} = 2.485 \cdot \text{MPa}$$

$$\rho := \frac{1}{m} \cdot \left(1 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{2 \cdot m \cdot R_n}{f_y}} \right) = 0.00663$$

$$\rho_{pakai} := \begin{cases} \rho_{\min} & \text{if } \rho < \rho_{\min} \\ \rho & \text{if } \rho > \rho_{\max} \\ \rho & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad \rho_{pakai} = 0.00663$$

Minimum area of rebar $A_s := \rho_{pakai} \cdot b \cdot d = 1093.453 \cdot \text{mm}^2$

Min. number of rebar $n := \text{Ceil} \left(\frac{A_s}{0.25 \cdot \pi \cdot D^2}, 1 \right) = 3$

Number of rebar use $n_b := 3$

LapanganAtas := $\begin{cases} \text{"Ok"} & \text{if } n \leq n_b \\ \text{"Not Ok"} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

LapanganAtas = "Ok"

3D22

*) Lapangan bawah

$$R_n := \frac{Mu_{2b}}{\phi \cdot b \cdot d^2} = 0.833 \cdot \text{MPa}$$

$$\rho := \frac{1}{m} \cdot \left(1 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{2 \cdot m \cdot R_n}{f_y}} \right) = 0.00212$$

$$\rho_{pakai} := \begin{cases} \rho_{min} & \text{if } \rho < \rho_{min} \\ \rho & \text{if } \rho > \rho_{max} \\ \rho & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad \rho_{pakai} = 0.0035$$

Minimum area of rebar $A_s := \rho_{pakai} \cdot b \cdot d = 577.5 \cdot \text{mm}^2$

Min. number of rebar $n := \text{Ceil}\left(\frac{A_s}{0.25 \cdot \pi \cdot D^2}, 1\right) = 2$

Number of rebar use $n_b := 3$

LapanganBawah := $\begin{cases} \text{"Ok"} & \text{if } n \leq n_b \\ \text{"Not Ok"} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

LapanganBawah = "Ok"

3D22

Perhitungan Sengkang

Faktor reduksi kuat geser $\phi := 0.6$

*) Tumpuan

Jarak antar sengkang $s_s := 150 \text{mm}$

Luas tulangan minimum $A_v := \frac{s_s \cdot V_{u1}}{f_y \cdot d} = 140.455 \cdot \text{mm}^2$

Jumlah minimum sengkang $n_s := \text{Ceil}\left(\frac{A_v}{0.25 \cdot \pi \cdot D_s^2}, 1\right) = 2$

Jumlah sengkang dipakai $n_{bs} := 3$

Sengkang := $\begin{cases} \text{"Ok"} & \text{if } n_s \leq n_{bs} \\ \text{"Not Ok"} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

Sengkang = "Ok"

1.5D10-150

*) Lapangan

Jarak antar sengkang $s_s := 150 \text{mm}$

Luas tulangan minimum $A_v := \frac{s_s \cdot V_{u2}}{f_y \cdot d} = 158.864 \cdot \text{mm}^2$

Jumlah minimum sengkang $n_s := \text{Ceil}\left(\frac{A_v}{0.25 \cdot \pi \cdot D_s^2}, 1\right) = 3$

Jumlah sengkang dipakai $n_{bs} := 3$

ShearReinforcing := $\begin{cases} \text{"Ok"} & \text{if } n_s \leq n_{bs} \\ \text{"Not Ok"} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

ShearReinforcing = "Ok"

1.5D10-150

Perhitungan Balok B36-2

Data :

Ukuran Balok	$b := 300\text{mm}$	$h := 600\text{mm}$	$ds := 50\text{mm}$
Material	$f_c := 25\text{MPa}$	$E_s := 29725.41\text{MPa}$	
Spesifikasi Tulangan	$f_y := 400\text{MPa}$	$D := 22\text{mm}$	$D_s := 10\text{mm}$
Momen dan Geser	Tumpuan	Lapangan	
	$Mu_{1a} := 285\text{kN}\cdot\text{m}$	$Mu_{2a} := 33\text{kN}\cdot\text{m}$	
	$Mu_{1b} := 27\text{kN}\cdot\text{m}$	$Mu_{2b} := 356\text{kN}\cdot\text{m}$	
	$Vu_1 := 174\text{kN}$	$Vu_2 := 174\text{kN}$	

Perhitungan :

Tulangan Lentur

*) Tumpuan atas

$$d := h - ds = 550\cdot\text{mm}$$

$$\text{Faktor reduksi kuat lentur} \quad \phi := 0.9$$

$$m := \frac{f_y}{0.85 \cdot f_c} = 18.824$$

$$R_n := \frac{Mu_{1a}}{\phi \cdot b \cdot d^2} = 3.489 \cdot \text{MPa}$$

$$\beta := 0.85 - \left[\frac{0.05 \cdot (f_c - 28\text{MPa})}{7\text{MPa}} \right] = 0.871$$

$$\rho_{\min} := 0.0035$$

$$\rho_{\max} := 0.75 \cdot \frac{0.75 \cdot f_c \cdot \beta}{f_y} \cdot \left(\frac{0.003 E_s}{0.003 \cdot E_s + f_y} \right) = 5.585 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\rho := \frac{1}{m} \cdot \left(1 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{2 \cdot m \cdot R_n}{f_y}} \right) = 0.00959$$

$$\rho_{\text{pakai}} := \begin{cases} \rho_{\min} & \text{if } \rho < \rho_{\min} \\ \rho & \text{if } \rho > \rho_{\max} \\ \rho & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad \rho_{\text{pakai}} = 0.00959$$

$$\text{Minimum area of rebar} \quad A_s := \rho_{\text{pakai}} \cdot b \cdot d = 1582.185 \cdot \text{mm}^2$$

$$\text{Min. number of rebar} \quad n := \text{Ceil} \left(\frac{A_s}{0.25 \cdot \pi \cdot D^2}, 1 \right) = 5$$

$$\text{Number of rebar use} \quad n_b := 5$$

$$\text{Tumpuan Atas} := \begin{cases} \text{"Ok"} & \text{if } n \leq n_b \\ \text{"Not Ok"} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Tumpuan Atas = "Ok"

5D22

*) Tumpuan bawah

$$R_n := \frac{Mu_{1b}}{\phi \cdot b \cdot d^2} = 0.331 \cdot \text{MPa}$$

$$\rho := \frac{1}{m} \cdot \left(1 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{2 \cdot m \cdot R_n}{f_y}} \right) = 0.00083$$

$$\rho_{pakai} := \begin{cases} \rho_{\min} & \text{if } \rho < \rho_{\min} \\ \rho & \text{if } \rho > \rho_{\max} \\ \rho & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad \rho_{pakai} = 0.0035$$

Minimum area of rebar $A_s := \rho_{pakai} \cdot b \cdot d = 577.5 \cdot \text{mm}^2$

Min. number of rebar $n := \text{Ceil} \left(\frac{A_s}{0.25 \cdot \pi \cdot D^2}, 1 \right) = 2$

Number of rebar use $n_b := 3$

TumpuanBawah := $\begin{cases} \text{"Ok"} & \text{if } n \leq n_b \\ \text{"Not Ok"} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

TumpuanBawah = "Ok"

3D22

*) Lapangan atas

$$R_n := \frac{Mu_{2a}}{\phi \cdot b \cdot d^2} = 0.404 \cdot \text{MPa}$$

$$\rho := \frac{1}{m} \cdot \left(1 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{2 \cdot m \cdot R_n}{f_y}} \right) = 0.00102$$

$$\rho_{pakai} := \begin{cases} \rho_{\min} & \text{if } \rho < \rho_{\min} \\ \rho & \text{if } \rho > \rho_{\max} \\ \rho & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad \rho_{pakai} = 0.0035$$

Minimum area of rebar $A_s := \rho_{pakai} \cdot b \cdot d = 577.5 \cdot \text{mm}^2$

Min. number of rebar $n := \text{Ceil} \left(\frac{A_s}{0.25 \cdot \pi \cdot D^2}, 1 \right) = 2$

Number of rebar use $n_b := 3$

LapanganAtas := $\begin{cases} \text{"Ok"} & \text{if } n \leq n_b \\ \text{"Not Ok"} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

LapanganAtas = "Ok"

3D22

*) Lapangan bawah

$$R_n := \frac{Mu_{2b}}{\phi \cdot b \cdot d^2} = 4.359 \cdot \text{MPa}$$

$$\rho := \frac{1}{m} \cdot \left(1 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{2 \cdot m \cdot R_n}{f_y}} \right) = 0.01233$$

$$\rho_{pakai} := \begin{cases} \rho_{min} & \text{if } \rho < \rho_{min} \\ \rho & \text{if } \rho > \rho_{max} \\ \rho & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad \rho_{pakai} = 0.01233$$

Minimum area of rebar $A_s := \rho_{pakai} \cdot b \cdot d = 2033.957 \cdot \text{mm}^2$

Min. number of rebar $n := \text{Ceil} \left(\frac{A_s}{0.25 \cdot \pi \cdot D^2}, 1 \right) = 6$

Number of rebar use $n_b := 6$

LapanganBawah := $\begin{cases} \text{"Ok"} & \text{if } n \leq n_b \\ \text{"Not Ok"} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

LapanganBawah = "Ok"

6D22

Perhitungan Sengkang

Faktor reduksi kuat geser $\phi := 0.6$

*) Tumpuan

Jarak antar sengkang $s_s := 150 \text{mm}$

Luas tulangan minimum $A_v := \frac{s_s \cdot V_{u1}}{f_y \cdot d} = 118.636 \cdot \text{mm}^2$

Jumlah minimum sengkang $n_s := \text{Ceil} \left(\frac{A_v}{0.25 \cdot \pi \cdot D_s^2}, 1 \right) = 2$

Jumlah sengkang dipakai $n_{bs} := 3$

Sengkang := $\begin{cases} \text{"Ok"} & \text{if } n_s \leq n_{bs} \\ \text{"Not Ok"} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

Sengkang = "Ok"

1.5D10-150

*) Lapangan

Jarak antar sengkang $s_s := 150 \text{mm}$

Luas tulangan minimum $A_v := \frac{s_s \cdot V_{u2}}{f_y \cdot d} = 118.636 \cdot \text{mm}^2$

Jumlah minimum sengkang $n_s := \text{Ceil} \left(\frac{A_v}{0.25 \cdot \pi \cdot D_s^2}, 1 \right) = 2$

Jumlah sengkang dipakai $n_{bs} := 3$

ShearReinforcing := $\begin{cases} \text{"Ok"} & \text{if } n_s \leq n_{bs} \\ \text{"Not Ok"} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

ShearReinforcing = "Ok"

1.5D10-150

Perhitungan Balok B46

Data :

Ukuran Balok	$b := 400\text{mm}$	$h := 600\text{mm}$	$d_s := 50\text{mm}$
Material	$f_c := 25\text{MPa}$	$E_s := 29725.41\text{MPa}$	
Spesifikasi Tulangan	$f_y := 400\text{MPa}$	$D := 19\text{mm}$	$D_s := 10\text{mm}$
Momen dan Geser	Tumpuan		Lapangan
	$Mu_{1a} := 224\text{kN}\cdot\text{m}$		$Mu_{2a} := 33\text{kN}\cdot\text{m}$
	$Mu_{1b} := 27\text{kN}\cdot\text{m}$		$Mu_{2b} := 160\text{kN}\cdot\text{m}$
	$Vu_1 := 110\text{kN}$		$Vu_2 := 110\text{kN}$

Perhitungan :

Tulangan Lentur

$$d := h - d_s = 550\cdot\text{mm}$$

$$\text{Faktor reduksi kuat lentur} \quad \phi := 0.9$$

$$m := \frac{f_y}{0.85 \cdot f_c} = 18.824$$

$$R_n := \frac{Mu_{1a}}{\phi \cdot b \cdot d^2} = 2.057 \cdot \text{MPa}$$

$$\beta := 0.85 - \left[\frac{0.05 \cdot (f_c - 28\text{MPa})}{7\text{MPa}} \right] = 0.871$$

$$\rho_{\min} := 0.0035$$

$$\rho_{\max} := 0.75 \cdot \frac{0.75 \cdot f_c \cdot \beta}{f_y} \cdot \left(\frac{0.003 E_s}{0.003 \cdot E_s + f_y} \right) = 5.585 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\rho := \frac{1}{m} \cdot \left(1 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{2 \cdot m \cdot R_n}{f_y}} \right) = 0.00542$$

$$\rho_{\text{pakai}} := \begin{cases} \rho_{\min} & \text{if } \rho < \rho_{\min} \\ \rho & \text{if } \rho > \rho_{\max} \\ \rho & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad \rho_{\text{pakai}} = 0.00542$$

$$\text{Minimum area of rebar} \quad A_s := \rho_{\text{pakai}} \cdot b \cdot d = 1192.11 \cdot \text{mm}^2$$

$$\text{Min. number of rebar} \quad n := \text{Ceil} \left(\frac{A_s}{0.25 \cdot \pi \cdot D^2}, 1 \right) = 5$$

$$\text{Number of rebar use} \quad n_b := 5$$

$$\text{TulanganUtama} := \begin{cases} \text{"Ok"} & \text{if } n \leq n_b \\ \text{"Not Ok"} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

TulanganUtama = "Ok"

5D19

Perhitungan Sengkang

Faktor reduksi kuat geser $\phi := 0.6$

*) Tumpuan

Jarak antar sengkang $s_s := 200\text{mm}$

Luas tulangan minimum $A_v := \frac{s_s \cdot V_{u1}}{f_y \cdot d} = 100 \cdot \text{mm}^2$

Jumlah minimum sengkang $n_s := \text{Ceil}\left(\frac{A_v}{0.25 \cdot \pi \cdot D_s^2}, 1\right) = 2$

Jumlah sengkang dipakai $n_{bs} := 3$

Sengkang := $\begin{cases} \text{"Ok"} & \text{if } n_s \leq n_{bs} \\ \text{"Not Ok"} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

Sengkang = "Ok"

1.5D10-150