

IJAEB

Graduate Program of Universitas Tarumanagara

Address:

Graduate Program of Universitas Tarumanagara Universitas Tarumanagara Kampus 1, Jl. Letjen S. Parman No. 1 Jakarta 11440, Indonesia





IINTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF Application on economics and Business

IJAEB



VOL.1 NO. 2 MAY 2023 INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF APPLICATION ON ECONOMICS AND BUSINESS



Home (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/index) / About the Journal

About the Journal

People

- Contact
- Editorial Team (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/about/editorialTeam)
- Peer-Reviewer (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/reviewer)

Policies

- Focus and Scope (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/about#focusAndScope)
- Section Policies (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/about#sectionPolicies)
- Peer Review Process (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/about#peerReviewProcess)
- Publication Frequency (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/about#publicationFrequency)
- Open Access Policy (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/about#openAccessPolicy)
- Publications Ethics (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/about#custom-0)
- Article Processing Charges (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/about#custom-1)
- Copy Editing And Proofreading (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/about#custom-2)
- References Management (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/about#custom-3)
- Copyright Transfer Agreement (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/about#custom-4)
- Plagiarism Check (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/about#custom-5)

Submissions

- Online Submissions (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/about/submissions#onlineSubmissions)
- Author Guidelines (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/about/submissions#authorGuidelines)
- Copyright Notice (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/about#copyrightNotice)
- Privacy Statement (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/about#privacyStatement)

Other

- Journal Sponsorship (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/about#journalSponsorship)
- Journal History (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/about#history)

Focus and Scope

International Journal of Application on Economics and Business (IJAEB) contains articles on the following topics:

• Entrepreneurship studies

- Business studies
- Management studies
- Accounting studies
- Economics studies

Section Policies

Editorial Information

☑ Open Submissions ☑ Indexed
☑ Peer Reviewed

Articles

🗹 Open Submissions 🗹 Indexed

Peer Reviewed

Peer Review Process

International Journal of Application on Economics and Business (IJAEB) is an international journal published by Graduate Program of Universitas Tarumanagara. Articles submitted in this journal will be peer-reviewed before it can be published. Final decision of articles acceptance will be made by Chief Editors through a forum with editor board according to Reviewers comments. Type(s) of peer review this journal are,

- Editorial review
- Peer review
- Anonymous peer review
- Double anonymous peer review

Publication Frequency

International Journal of Application on Economics and Business (IJAEB) published four (4) times a year.

Open Access Policy

This journal provides immediate open access to its content on the principle that making research freely available to the public supports a greater global exchange of knowledge.



This work is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-ShareAlike 4.0 International License (http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-sa/4.0/).

IJAEB by Graduate Program of Universitas Tarumanagara is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-ShareAlike 4.0 International License (http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-sa/4.0/).. Permissions beyond the scope of this license may be available at https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/index)

Publications Ethics

Publication Ethics and Malpractice Statement

International Journal of Application on Economics and Business (IJAEB) is a journal aims to be a leading peerreviewed platform and an authoritative source of information. We publish original research papers, review articles and case studies focused on economy and entrepreneurship as well as related topics that has neither been published elsewhere in any language, nor is it under review for publication anywhere. This following statement clarifies ethical behavior of all parties involved in the act of publishing an article in this journal, including the author, the editor, the reviewer, and the publisher (Graduate Program of Universitas Tarumanagara). This statement is based on COPE's Best Practice Guidelines for Journal Editors.

Duties of Authors

- 1. Reporting Standards: Authors should present an accurate account of the original research performed as well as an objective discussion of its significance. Researchers should present their results honestly and without fabrication, falsification or inappropriate data manipulation. A manuscript should contain sufficient detail and references to permit others to replicate the work. Fraudulent or knowingly inaccurate statements constitute unethical behavior and are unacceptable. Manuscripts should follow the submission guidelines of the journal.
- 2. Originality and Plagiarism: Authors must ensure that they have written entirely original work. The manuscript should not be submitted concurrently to more than one publication unless the editors have agreed to co-publication. Relevant previous work and publications, both by other researchers and the authors' own, should be properly acknowledged and referenced. The primary literature should be cited where possible. Original wording taken directly from publications by other researchers should appear in quotation marks with the appropriate citations.
- 3. Multiple, Redundant, or Concurrent Publications: Author should not in general submit the same manuscript to more than one journal concurrently. It is also expected that the author will not publish redundant manuscripts or manuscripts describing same research in more than one journal. Submitting the same manuscript to more than one journal concurrently constitutes unethical publishing behavior and is unacceptable. Multiple publications arising from a single research project should be clearly identified as such and the primary publication should be referenced
- 4. Acknowledgement of Sources: Authors should acknowledge all sources of data used in the research and cite publications that have been influential in determining the nature of the reported work. Proper acknowledgment of the work of others must always be given.
- 5. Authorship of the Paper: The authorship of research publications should accurately reflect individuals' contributions to the work and its reporting. Authorship should be limited to those who have made a significant contribution to conception, design, execution or interpretation of the reported study. Others who have made significant contribution must be listed as co-authors. In cases where major contributors are listed as authors while those who made less substantial, or purely technical, contributions to the research or to the publication are listed in an acknowledgement section. Authors also ensure that all the authors have seen and agreed to the submitted version of the manuscript and their inclusion of names as co-authors.
- 6. Disclosure and Conflicts of Interest: All authors should clearly disclose in their manuscript any financial or other substantive conflict of interest that might be construed to influence the results or interpretation of their manuscript. All sources of financial support for the project should be disclosed.
- 7. Fundamental Errors in Published Works: If the author discovers a significant error or inaccuracy in the submitted manuscript, then the author should promptly notify the journal editor or publisher and cooperate with the editor to retract or correct the paper.

About the Journal | International Journal of Application on Economics and Business

8. Hazards and Human or Animal Subjects: The author should clearly identify in the manuscript if the work involves chemicals, procedures or equipment that have any unusual hazards inherent in their use.

Duties of Editor

- 1. Publication Decisions: Based on the review report of the editorial board, the editor can accept, reject, or request modifications to the manuscript. The validation of the work in question and its importance to researchers and readers must always drive such decisions. The editors may be guided by the policies of the journal's editorial board and constrained by such legal requirements as shall then be in force regarding libel, copyright infringement and plagiarism. The editors may confer with other editors or reviewers in making this decision. Editors have to take responsibility for everything they publish and should have procedures and policies in place to ensure the quality of the material they publish and maintain the integrity of the published record.
- 2. Review of Manuscripts: Editor must ensure that each manuscript is initially evaluated by the editor for originality. The editor should organize and use peer review fairly and wisely. Editors should explain their peer review processes in the information for authors and also indicate which parts of the journal are peer reviewed. Editor should use appropriate peer reviewers for papers that are considered for publication by selecting people with sufficient expertise and avoiding those with conflicts of interest.
- 3. Fair Play: The editor must ensure that each manuscript received by the journal is reviewed for its intellectual content without regard to sex, gender, race, religion, citizenship, etc. of the authors. An important part of the responsibility to make fair and unbiased decisions is the upholding of the principle of editorial independence and integrity. Editors are in a powerful position by making decisions on publications, which makes it very important that this process is as fair and unbiased as possible.
- 4. Confidentiality: The editor must ensure that information regarding manuscripts submitted by the authors is kept confidential. Editors should critically assess any potential breaches of data protection and patient confidentiality. This includes requiring properly informed consent for the actual research presented, consent for publication where applicable.
- 5. Disclosure and Conflicts of Interest: The editor of the Journal will not use unpublished materials disclosed in a submitted manuscript for his own research without written consent of the author. Editors should not be involved in decisions about papers in which they have a conflict of interest

Duties of Reviewers

- 1. Confidentiality: Information regarding manuscripts submitted by authors should be kept confidential and be treated as privileged information. They must not be shown to or discussed with others except as authorized by the editor.
- 2. Acknowledgement of Sources: Reviewers must ensure that authors have acknowledged all sources of data used in the research. Reviewers should identify relevant published work that has not been cited by the authors. Any statement that an observation, derivation, or argument had been previously reported should be accompanied by the relevant citation. The reviewers should notify the journal immediately if they come across any irregularities, have concerns about ethical aspects of the work, are aware of substantial similarity between the manuscript and a concurrent submission to another journal or a published article, or suspect that misconduct may have occurred during either the research or the writing and submission of the manuscript; reviewers should, however, keep their concerns confidential and not personally investigate further unless the journal asks for further information or advice.
- 3. Standards of Objectivity: Review of submitted manuscripts must be done objectively and the reviewers should express their views clearly with supporting arguments. The reviewers should follow journals' instructions on the specific feedback that is required of them and, unless there are good reasons not to. The reviewers should be constructive in their reviews and provide feedback that will help the authors to

improve their manuscript. The reviewer should make clear which suggested additional investigations are essential to support claims made in the manuscript under consideration and which will just strengthen or extend the work

- 4. Disclosure and Conflict of Interest: Privileged information or ideas obtained through peer review must be kept confidential and not used for personal advantage. Reviewers should not consider manuscripts in which they have conflicts of interest resulting from competitive, collaborative, or other relationships or connections with any of the authors, companies, or institutions connected to the papers. In the case of double-blind review, if they suspect the identity of the author(s) notify the journal if this knowledge raises any potential conflict of interest.
- 5. Promptness: The reviewers should respond in a reasonable time-frame. The reviewers only agree to review a manuscript if they are fairly confident they can return a review within the proposed or mutually agreed time-frame, informing the journal promptly if they require an extension. In the event that a reviewer feels it is not possible for him/her to complete review of manuscript within stipulated time then this information must be communicated to the editor, so that the manuscript could be sent to another reviewer.

Article Processing Charges

Every article submitted to International Journal of Application on Economics and Business (IJAEB) will not have any article processing charges.

- Article Submission: 0.00 (IDR)
- Fast-Track Review: 0.00 (IDR)
- Article Publication: 0.00 (IDR)

Copy Editing And Proofreading

Every article accepted by International Journal of Application on Economics and Business (IJAEB) shall be an object to Grammarly[®] writing-enhancement program conducted by International Journal of Application on Economics and Business (IJAEB) Editorial Board.

References Management

use APA style, download here



styleId=http%3A%2F%2Fwww.zotero.org%2Fstyles%2Fapa)

Copyright Transfer Agreement

Authors transfer copyright or assign exclusive rights to the publisher (including commercial rights).

Download CTA (https://drive.google.com/file/d/1r7QawxKxxHSdLbgKeaSZN9Mwho ISATh/view?usp=sharing)

Plagiarism Check

Plagiarism screening will be conducted by IJAEB Editorial Board using Turnitin. The maximum similarity percentage is 20%, in which for each source the maximum similarity percentage is 4%. When the similarity percentage is above the threshold, IJAEB has the right to reject the paper.



(https://www.turnitin.com/?svr=309&session-

id=&lang=en_us&r=51.7747989001077)

Copyright Notice

This work is licensed under a International Journal of Application on Economics and Business (IJAEB) Creative Commons Attribution-ShareAlike 4.0 International License. (https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-sa/4.0/)

Privacy Statement

The names and email addresses entered in this journal site will be used exclusively for the stated purposes of this journal and will not be made available for any other purpose or to any other party.

Journal Sponsorship

Publisher

Graduate Program of Universitas Tarumanagara

Address:

Graduate Program of Universitas Tarumanagara

Universitas Tarumanagara

Kampus 1 Jl. Letjen S. Parman No.1

Jakarta 11440

Sponsors

Graduate Program of Universitas Tarumanagara

Kampus 1 Jl. Letjen S. Parman No.1

Jakarta 11440

021-5671747 Ext. 215

Journal History

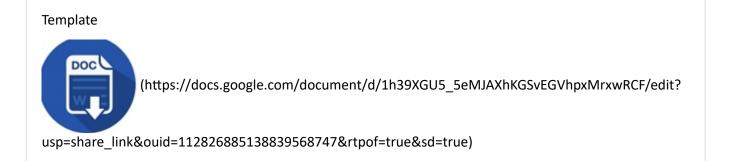
JOURNAL International Journal of Application on Economics and Business (IJAEB)

TOOLS

use APA style, download here



styleId=http%3A%2F%2Fwww.zotero.org%2Fstyles%2Fapa)



PROFILE MENU

Contact

Editorial Team (/index.php/ijaeb/about/editorialTeam)

Focus and Scope (/index.php/ijaeb/about#focusAndScope)

Indexing

Stat III (https://statcounter.com/p12907097/summary/)

View My Stats (https://statcounter.com/p12844469/?guest=1)



ISSN PUSAT NASIONAL ISSN INDONESIA (https://issn.brin.go.id/terbit/detail/20230426411707807)

Indexed by :



(http://untar.ac.id/) Universitas Tarumanagara

Graduate Program of Universitas Tarumanagara

About the Journal | International Journal of Application on Economics and Business

Platform & workflow by OJS/PKP

(https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/about/aboutThisPublishingSystem)



Home (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/index) / Editorial Team

Editorial Team

Editor in Chief

Hetty Karunia Tunjungsari 🖃 (mailto:%68%65%74%74%79@%66%65.%75%6e%74%61%72.%61%63.%69%64) Universitas Tarumanagara, Indonesia



Executive Editor

Linda Linchin Lin (mailto:%68%65%74%74%79@%66%65.%75%6e%74%61%72.%61%63.%69%64) Kunshan University, Taiwan

Lai Yin Ling (https://newinti.edu.my/campuses/inti-international-university/) INTI International University, Malaysia

Managing Editor

Cokki Cokki 📺 (http://dosen.untar.ac.id/dosen/detail-JmJmYmJJ-ind.html)

Universitas Tarumanagara, Indonesia

Teoh Ai Ping (https://gsb.usm.my/personnel/assoc-prof-ts-dr-teoh-ai-ping/) Universiti Sains Malaysia, Malaysia

Masmira Kurniawati (https://feb.unair.ac.id/tentang-feb-unair/profil-dosen/staf-pengajar-manajemen/6419dr-masmira-kurniawati-se-m-si.html) Airlangga University, Indonesia

Section Editor

Galuh Mira Saktiana (http://dosen.untar.ac.id/dosen/detail-JmJJJmmJ-ind.html)

Universitas Tarumanagara, Indonesia

Halim Putera Siswanto (http://dosen.untar.ac.id/dosen/detail-JmJmymmJ-ind.html)

Universitas Tarumanagara, Indonesia

TOOLS

use APA style, download here



styleId=http%3A%2F%2Fwww.zotero.org%2Fstyles%2Fapa)



PROFILE MENU Contact

Editorial Team (/index.php/ijaeb/about/editorialTeam)

Focus and Scope (/index.php/ijaeb/about#focusAndScope)

Indexing

Stat IIII (https://statcounter.com/p12907097/summary/)

View My Stats (https://statcounter.com/p12844469/?guest=1)

ISSN



Graduate Program of Universitas Tarumanagara

Universitas Tarumanagara

(http://untar.ac.id/)

Editorial Team | International Journal of Application on Economics and Business

Platform & workflow by OJS/PKP

(https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/about/aboutThisPublishingSystem)

INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF APPLICATION ON ECONOMICS AND BUSINESS



Peer-Reviewer

Peer-Reviewer
Keni Keni
Universitas Tarumanagara, Indonesia
Joana Jaya
INTI International University, Malaysia
Hetty Karunia Tunjungsari
Universitas Tarumanagara, Indonesia
Lanie M. Santos
De La Salle Lipa, Phillippines
Sharayu Bhakare
Symbiosis College of Arts and Commerce, India
Lin Tian
Shanghai University, China
TOOLS
use APA style, download here
(https://csl.mendeley.com/styleInfo/?

styleId=http%3A%2F%2Fwww.zotero.org%2Fstyles%2Fapa)



PROFILE MENU	
Contact	
Editorial Team (/index.php/ijaeb/about/editorialTeam)	
Focus and Scope (/index.php/ijaeb/about#focusAndScope)	
Indexing	

Stat III (https://statcounter.com/p12907097/summary/)

View My Stats (https://statcounter.com/p12844469/?guest=1)



Indexed by :



(https://scholar.google.com/citations?hl=id&user=UuFn-

joAAAAJ&view_op=list_works&authuser=2&gmla=AOV7GLMmf1WMkuBiJJMC0LiHjEROHc_rOjP_5mNgA2HCGL6-7p0men-j8wm22Zu3MGLdhGHqGsTFvVj60JgtCV4)

Dimensions



(https://www.mendeley.com/profiles/jurnal-muara-ilmu-ekonomi-

dan/publications/)

(https://app.dimensions.ai/discover/publication?

Peer-Reviewer | International Journal of Application on Economics and Business

search_mode=content&search_text=10.24912%2Fijaeb&search_type=kws&search_field=text_search)



(https://portal.issn.org/resource/ISSN/2723-6404)



(http://untar.ac.id/)

Graduate Program of Universitas Tarumanagara

Platform & workflow by OJS/PKP

(https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/about/aboutThisPublishingSystem)



Indexing

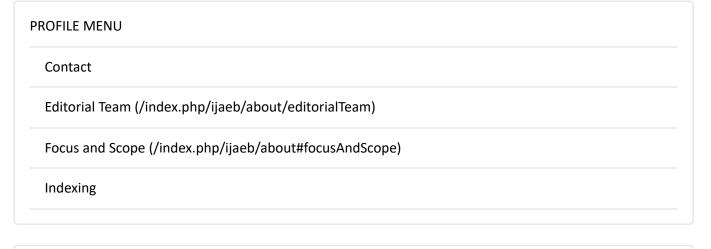


TOOLS

use APA style, download here







Stat IIII (https://statcounter.com/p12907097/summary/)

```
View My Stats (https://statcounter.com/p12844469/?guest=1)
```



Indexed by :



(https://scholar.google.com/citations?hl=id&user=UuFn-

joAAAAJ&view_op=list_works&authuser=2&gmla=AOV7GLMmf1WMkuBiJJMC0LiHjEROHc_rOjP_5mNgA2HCGL6-7p0men-j8wm22Zu3MGLdhGHqGsTFvVj60JgtCV4)



(https://www.mendeley.com/profiles/jurnal-muara-ilmu-ekonomi-

dan/publications/)



(https://app.dimensions.ai/discover/publication?

search_mode=content&search_text=10.24912%2Fijaeb&search_type=kws&search_field=text_search)



(https://portal.issn.org/resource/ISSN/2723-6404)



(http://untar.ac.id/)

Universitas Tarumanagara

Graduate Program of Universitas Tarumanagara

Platform & workflow by OJS/PKP

(https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/about/aboutThisPublishingSystem)



Home (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/index)

/ Archives (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/issue/archive) / Vol. 1 No. 2 (2023): May 2023



Published: 2023-05-20

Articles

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE IN THE INFRASTRUCTURE INDUSTRY IN INDONESIA (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25526)

Erica Erica, Hendro Lukman 1-14

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25526/15305)

🔳 Abstract views: 0 | 🎼 Download :0

THE EFFECT OF COMMUNICATION, SELF-EFFICACY AND POWER ON THE COMMITMENT OF EMPLOYEES (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25529)

Mei Ie, Haris Maupa, Madris Madris

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25529/15306)

| 📳 Abstract views: 0 | 🕞 Download :0

FACTORS AFFECTING DIVIDEND POLICY ON LQ45 INDEX COMPANIES ON THE INDONESIA STOCK EXCHANGE (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25532)

Janice Ardelia, Hendro Lukman 24-35

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25532/15307)

MEASUREMENT OF ACCEPTANCE OF ONLINE ATTENDANCE SYSTEM WITH TECHNOLOGY ACCEPTANCE MODEL APPROACH: CASE IN DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF CHRISTIAN COMMUNITY, MINISTRY OF RELIGIOUS AFFAIRS OF THE REPUBLIC INDONESIA (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25536)

Rahel Susana, Hendro Lukman 36-44

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25536/15312)

| 🔳 Abstract views: 0 | 🕞 Download :0

THE ROLE OF OWNERSHIP CONCENTRATION AS MODERATION ON BIOLOGICAL ASSET INTENSITY, COMPANY SIZE, AND FIRM GROWTH ON BIOLOGICAL ASSET DISCLOSURE IN AGRICULTURAL INDUSTRY IN INDONESIA

(https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25537)

Rosalia Rezensky, Hendro Lukman 45-56

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25537/15320)

📳 Abstract views: 0 | 🌆 Download :0

THE ROLE OF MANAGERIAL OWNERSHIP AS MODERATION ON FACTORS AFFECTING DEBT POLICY IN COMPANIES WITH LARGE MARKET CAPITALIZATION IN INDONESIA (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25538)

Windy Windy, Hendro Lukman 57-68

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25538/15322)

📳 Abstract views: 0 | 🅞 Download :0

THE EFFECT OF ENTREPRENEURIAL ORIENTATION ON CLOTHING-LINE SMES PERFORMANCE IN TANAH ABANG DURING COVID-19 PANDEMIC (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25539) Louis Utama 69-78

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25539/15323)

🔳 Abstract views: 0 | 🕞 Download :0

THE INFLUENCE OF ENTREPRENEURIAL ORIENTATION ON SME'S PERFORMANCE THROUGH ENTREPRENEURIAL COMPETENCY IN PASAR JAMBI

(https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25553)

Christine Riante, Louis Utama 79-89

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25553/15331)

| 📳 Abstract views: 0 | 🎼 Download :0

ENTREPRENEURIAL ORIENTATION AFFECTS BUSINESS PERFORMANCE: A PERSPECTIVE FROM WOODCRAFTS MSMES IN JAKARTA

(https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25549)

Nicholas Zia, Louis Utama 90-102

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25549/15329)

| 📳 Abstract views: 0 | 🚯 Download :0

THE IMPACT OF ENTREPRENEURIAL ORIENTATION ON BUSINESS PERFORMANCE THROUGH ENTREPRENEURIAL COMPETENCY AS MEDIATION VARIABLE: A STUDY ON SMES IN CULINARY SECTOR IN JAKARTA (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25568)

Yosafat Raymond, Frangky Selamat 103-111

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25568/15334)

| 🔳 Abstract views: 0 | 🕞 Download :0

THE EFFECTS OF ENTREPRENEURIAL ROLE MODEL, ENTREPRENEURIAL EDUCATION, AND INDIVIDUAL ENTREPRENEURIAL ORIENTATION DIMENSIONS ON ENTREPRENEURIAL INTENTION AMONG THE STUDENTS OF A FACULTY OF ECONOMICS AND BUSINESS IN JAKARTA (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25552)

Febrianne Clarissa Cahyadi, Frangky Selamat 112-122

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25552/15333)

📳 Abstract views: 0 | 🕞 Download :0

FACTORS AFFECTING FIRM VALUE THROUGH CAPITAL STRUCTURE AS A MEDIATION VARIABLE (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25573)

Amelia Huanency, Henryanto Wijaya 123-138

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25573/15337)

🔳 Abstract views: 0 | 🚯 Download :0

ANALYSIS OF FACTORS AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE OF BANKING COMPANIES LISTED ON THE INDONESIA STOCK EXCHANGE

(https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25575)

Syntia Firdaus, Linda Santioso 139-149

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25575/15338)

🔳 Abstract views: 0 | 🕞 Download :0

FACTORS AFFECTING FIRM VALUE WITH DIVIDEND POLICY AS MODERATING VARIABLE (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25579)

Belinda Belinda, Sofia Prima Dewi 150-161

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25579/15339)

| 📳 Abstract views: 0 | 뒍 Download :0

ANALYSIS OF FACTORS AFFECTING UNDERPRICING IN COMPANIES CONDUCTING INITIAL PUBLIC OFFERINGS (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25582)

Calista Sanko Sunarko, Rosmita Rasyid 162-176

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25582/15345)

📳 Abstract views: 0 | 🚯 Download :0

FACTORS INFLUENCING LOCAL BEAUTY PRODUCT REPURCHASE INTENTION (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25589)

Helen Veronica, Keni Keni 177-185

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25589/15347)

| Abstract views: 0 | 🕞 Download :0

THE EFFECT OF SOCIAL MEDIA FOR CUSTOMER RELATIONSHIP MANAGEMENT ON SME'S PERFORMANCE WITH SOCIAL COMPETENCE AND SALES INTENSITY AS MODERATING VARIABLES (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25590)

Bernardus Aldy Satyagraha, Lydiawati Soelaiman 186-193

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25590/15352)

Abstract views: 0 | I abstract views: 0 |

THE EFFECT OF FOREIGN OWNERSHIP ON THE FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE OF MANUFACTURING COMPANIES

(https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25595)

Fanny Andriani Setiawan, Herni Kurniawati 194-206

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25595/15354)

| 📳 Abstract views: 0 | 🕞 Download :0

AN EMPIRICAL STUDY OF THE FACTORS THAT INFLUENCE FINANCIAL DISTRESS (A CASE ON MINING INDUSTRY IN INDONESIA)

(https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25642)

Nicole Daniella, Hendro Lukman 207-215

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25642/15401)

| 📳 Abstract views: 0 | 🕞 Download :0

BEHAVIORAL INTENTION TO USE DIGITAL WALLETS IN INDONESIA (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25643)

Caecelia Cynthia Limanan, Keni Keni 216-227

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25643/15402)

| 📳 Abstract views: 0 | թ Download :0

ANALYSIS OF THE CAUSES OF COMPANY PERFORMANCE IN FAMILY COMPANIES IN THE MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY

(https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25646)

Elisa Elisa, Hadi Cahyadi 228-236 PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25646/15403)

📳 Abstract views: 0 | 🕞 Download :0

THE EFFECT OF PROFITABILITY, COMPANY SIZE, AND MANAGERIAL OWNERSHIP ON DEBT POLICY (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25648)

Meli Septiani, Sri Daryanti 237-247

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25648/15405)

🔳 Abstract views: 0 | 🕞 Download :0

THE EFFECT OF FINANCIAL RATIOS ON PROFIT GROWTH AMONG MANUFACTURING COMPANIES (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25650)

Albert Ernest Hung, Viriany Viriany 248-256

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25650/15407)

🔳 Abstract views: 0 | 🕞 Download :0

THE EFFECT OF LEVERAGE, LIQUIDITY, AND FIRM SIZE ON DIVIDEND POLICY (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25651)

Maria Goretti Angela, Sri Daryanti 257-265

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25651/15409)

🔳 Abstract views: 0 | 🚯 Download :0

THE IMPACT OF COVID-19 ON STOCK MARKET RETURNS (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25652)

Jessica Jessica, Yanti Yanti

266-275

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25652/15410)

🔳 Abstract views: 0 | թ Download :0

FINANCIAL, NON-FINANCIAL, AND MACRO-ECONOMIC FACTORS THAT AFFECT THE FIRST DAY PROFIT RATE WHEN CONDUCTING INITIAL PUBLIC OFFERING (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25662)

Ruth Pranadipta, Khairina Natsir 276-289

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25662/15413)

| 📳 Abstract views: 0 | 🕞 Download :0

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS OF PUBLIC HOSPITALS BEFORE AND DURING THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25664)

Fritzie A. Rexana, Indra Widjaja 290-299

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25664/15415)

📳 Abstract views: 0 | 🅞 Download :0

THE EFFECT OF JOB MOTIVATION AND ORGANIZATIONAL COMMITMENT ON EMPLOYEE SATISFACTION (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25667)

Viny Angellika, Ronnie Resdianto Masman 300-309

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25667/15418)

📳 Abstract views: 0 | թ Download :0

THE IMPACT OF IMPLEMENTING THE DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY INNOVATION ON BANKING PERFORMANCE IN INDONESIA

(https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25669)

Selvi Dharsono, Agus Zainul Arifin 310-316

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25669/15419)

Abstract views: 0 | Image Download :0

THE INFLUENCE OF INFLATION, CRUDE OIL PRICES, AND THE RAMADAN EFFECT ON STOCK RETURN (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25670)

Eviana Marvina Supardi, Rosmita Rasyid 317-326

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25670/15420)

📳 Abstract views: 0 | 🕞 Download :0

THE EFFECT OF ATTITUDE ON ENTREPRENEURIAL INTENTION AMONG STUDENTS IN SOUTH TANGERANG (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25671)

Angel Veronica Samjuannita, Ida Puspitowati 327-336

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25671/15421)

Abstract views: 0 | Provide the strain of the strain of

COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE BEFORE AND DURING COVID-19 PANDEMIC (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25676)

Kelly Surya, Rousilita Suhendah 337-348

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25676/15423)

📳 Abstract views: 0 | 🎼 Download :0

FACTORS AFFECTING CAPITAL STRUCTURE: A STUDY AMONG MANUFACTURING COMPANIES OF CONSUMER GOODS IN INDONESIA

(https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25683)

Nita Anggraini, Thio Lie Sha 349-360

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25683/15429)

🔳 Abstract views: 0 | 🕞 Download :0

DETERMINANTS OF CASH HOLDINGS MODERATED BY FIRM SIZE (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25697)

Henny Wirianata, Viriany Viriany 361-375

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25697/15442)

🔳 Abstract views: 0 | 🕞 Download :0

THE IMPACT OF FIRM SIZE, ACCOUNTING CONSERVATISM ON EARNINGS QUALITY MODERATED BY INDEPENDENT COMMISSIONER (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25698)

Rini Tri Hastuti, Lusiana Lusiana 376-385

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25698/15444)

| 📳 Abstract views: 0 | 🕞 Download :0

THE IMPLEMENTATION OF TECHNOLOGY ACCEPTANCE MODEL IN ANALYZING ATTITUDES TOWARD THE ADOPTION OF FINTECH

(https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25699)

Khairina Natsir, Agus Zainul Arifin, Herie Darmawan 386-400

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25699/15445)

📳 Abstract views: 0 | 🕞 Download :0

THE EFFECT OF ENTREPRENEURIAL SELF-EFFICACY, ENTREPRENEURIAL ATTITUDES AND THE USE OF SOCIAL MEDIA ON SMES PERFORMANCE (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25700)

Fadillah Akbar Suheryanto, Mei Ie

401-409

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25700/15446)

📳 Abstract views: 0 | 🕞 Download :0

FOREIGN INVESTOR AND MARKET VOLATILITY: EVIDENCE ON INDONESIA STOCK MARKET (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25701)

Michelle Kristian, Stevanus Adiwena, Yohanes Bayu Laksana 410-418

🔳 Abstract views: 0 | 🕞 Download :0

STOCK MARKET REACTION TO WHO'S COVID-19 ANNOUNCEMENT IN ASEAN-5 REGION (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25702)

Felice Meryn, Elsa Imelda 419-428

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25702/15448)

Abstract views: 0 | nownload :0

COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS OF CASH-DRIVEN RESILIENCE DURING THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25703)

Tania Liliani Troi, Elsa Imelda 429-441

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25703/15449)

Abstract views: 0 | nownload :0

THE INFLUENCE OF DIVIDEND POLICY, FIRM SIZE, CAPITAL STRUCTURE, AND CSR ON BANKING COMPANIES' VALUE

(https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25640)

Henryanto Wijaya, Andy Andy, Levina Febrianty, Christopher Elihu Billy Morgan 442-450

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25640/15400)

THE INFLUENCE OF PROFITABILITY, FINANCIAL LEVERAGE AND FREE CASH INFLOW ON CATERING DIVIDENDS AMONG MANUFACTURING COMPANIES LISTED IN INDONESIA STOCK EXCHANGE DURING 2017-2020 PERIOD (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25639)

I Gede Adiputra, Herman Ruslim

451-464

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25639/15399)

| 📳 Abstract views: 0 | 🕞 Download :0

THE IMPACT OF LIQUIDITY, PROFITABILITY, AND ACTIVITY ON SHARES RETURN WITH DIVIDEND POLICY AS CONTROLLING VARIABLE

(https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25638)

Rini Tri Hastuti, Richard Andrew, M. Bintang P. 465-472

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25638/15398)

📳 Abstract views: 0 | 🕞 Download :0

INDONESIAN STOCK MARKET REACTION BEFORE AND AFTER THE ANNOUNCEMENT OF FIRST COVID-19 CASE (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25637)

Felia Ananda Wijaya, Elsa Imelda 473-483

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25637/15397)

| 📳 Abstract views: 0 | 🕞 Download :0

THE IMPACT OF COVID-19, MARKET CAPITALIZATION, STOCK TRADING VOLUME, AND LARGE-SCALE SOCIAL RESTRICTIONS ON STOCK RETURNS (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25636)

Tasya Novia Tanjaya, Rousilita Suhendah 484-497

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25636/15396)

| 🔳 Abstract views: 0 | 🕞 Download :0

ANALYSIS OF DIFFERENCE IN STOCK PRICE, MARKET CAPITALIZATION, AND TRADING VOLUME ACTIVITY BEFORE AND DURING COVID-19

(https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25635)

Louis Vigo Suramin, Rousilita Suhendah 498-508

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25635/15395)

| 🔳 Abstract views: 0 | 쪥 Download :0

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS BETWEEN CONSUMER GOODS AND REAL-ESTATE COMPANIES BEFORE AND DURING THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25634)

Geraldo Erlan Latie, Rousilita Suhendah 509-520

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25634/15392)

Abstract views: 0 | B Download :0

THE IMPACT OF CAR, CREDIT RISK, ROA, LDR, AND OWNERSHIP STRUCTURE TOWARDS FINANCIAL DISTRESS (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25633)

Jennifer Margaretha, Jennifer Margaretha, Henryanto Wijaya 521-531

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25633/15391)

🔳 Abstract views: 0 | 🕞 Download :0

PROBING DETERMINANTS OF UNIVERSITY ACADEMICIANS' KNOWLEDGE SHARING INTENTION (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25632)

Tay Lee Chin, Tan Fee Yean, Hon-Wei Leow 532-542

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25632/15390)

🔳 Abstract views: 0 | 🚯 Download :0

THE EQUALIZATION OF PERIODIC VAT RETURN AND ANNUAL TAX RETURN OF CV. LAJ FOR THE YEAR OF 2020 (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25631)

Elvini Lukman, Purnamawati Helen Widjaja 543-556

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25631/15389)

🔳 Abstract views: 0 | թ Download :0

THE EFFECT OF WORKING CAPITAL MANAGEMENT ON COMPANY FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25630)

Rorlen Rorlen, Halim Putera Siswanto, Margarita Ekadjaja, Ariel Krisnaputra 557-565

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25630/15388)

🔳 Abstract views: 0 | 🚯 Download :0

HEALTHY ME: INNOVATIVE SOLUTIONS THROUGH HEALTHY FAST-FOOD INNOVATION (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25629)

Yenita Yenita, Septihani Michella Wijaya 566-575

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25629/15387)

📳 Abstract views: 0 | 🅞 Download :0

THE EFFECT OF BRAND PROMINENCE AND MUSIC INVOLVEMENT ON BRAND RECALL IN MUSIC VIDEO (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25628)

Irenia Binardi Wijaya, Cokki Cokki 576-585

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25628/15386)

Abstract views: 0 | 🎼 Download :0

THE EFFECT OF OMNI-CHANNEL CHANNELS ON CUSTOMER SATISFACTION IN RETAIL FASHION IN INDONESIA (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25626)

Nofi Wahyuni, Kurniawati Kurniawati 586-598

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25626/15385)

Abstract views: 0 | 🎼 Download :0

THE URGENCY OF ADAPTING THE E-TAX SYSTEM TO TAX COMPLIANCE: INTEGRATION OF SATISFACTION LEVELS (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25625)

Kezia Grace, Karyn Olivia, Yenni Mangoting 599-608

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25625/15384)

📳 Abstract views: 0 | 🕞 Download :0

THE EFFECT OF CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY AND TAX AVOIDANCE ON FIRM VALUE MODERATED BY PROFITABILITY

(https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25624)

Anisa Amalia, Yuniarwati Yuniarwati 609-617

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25624/15383)

📳 Abstract views: 0 | 🎼 Download :0

DEVELOPMENT OF PROPERTY AND REAL ESTATE COMPANIES: Z-SCORE METHOD APPROACH

(https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25623)

Yuniarwati Yuniarwati , Yusi Yusianto

618-626

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25623/15476)

📳 Abstract views: 0 | 🕞 Download :0

THE EFFECTS OF SOCIAL MEDIA MARKETING FUNCTIONALITIES ON CONSUMER DECISION-MAKING: THE MODERATING ROLE OF TRUST AND EMOTIONAL INTELLIGENCE (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25622)

Amy Yeo Chu May, Ling Wei Hong, Jeffton Low Boon Tiong 627-641

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25622/15381)

HELPERKU: INNOVATIVE E-COMMERCE APPLICATIONS AS BUSINESS SOLUTIONS FOR PEOPLE WITH DISABILITIES (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25621)

Yenita Yenita, Septihani Michella Wijaya 642-650

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25621/15380)

📳 Abstract views: 0 | 🎼 Download :0

BRAND EXPERIENCE, ATTITUDE, AND LOYALTY IN BRAND EQUITY FASHION LUXURY BRAND (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25620)

Esti Mulya Fanandaru, Kurniawati Kurniawati, Nofi Wahyuni, Yunita Septiani 651-669

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25620/15379)

📳 Abstract views: 0 | 🕞 Download :0

THE EFFECT OF TAX PLANNING ON TAX AVOIDANCE WITH TAX AGGRESSIVENESS AS A MODERATOR IN THE PERIOD BEFORE AND AFTER THE TAX AMNESTY (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25619)

Felicia Claudianita, Estralita Trisnawati, Herlina Budiono 670-680

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25619/15378)

🔳 Abstract views: 0 | 🅞 Download :0

DETERMINANTS OF CSR DISCLOSURE MODERATED BY THE ROLE OF GOOD CORPORATE

GOVERNANCE (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25618)

Herlin Tundjung Setijaningsih, Inneke Kurniawan 681-694

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25618/15377)

🔳 Abstract views: 0 | 🎼 Download :0

BUILDING THE REPUTATION OF PRIVATE UNIVERSITIES BASED ON LECTURER AND STUDENT RESEARCH PERFORMANCE (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25617)

Paula Tjatoerwidya Anggarina, Agustinus Purna Irawan, Fransisca Iriani Roesmala Dewi, Mario Devotyasto 695-704

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25617/15376)

🔳 Abstract views: 0 | 🌆 Download :0

THE IMPLEMENTATION OF STRATEGIC MANAGEMENT TO IMPROVE FAMILY BUSINESS PERFORMANCE (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25615)

Dedy Rochimat, Agustinus Purna Irawan, Eko Suhartanto, Andriew Lim 705-714

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25615/15375)

🔳 Abstract views: 0 | 🎼 Download :0

DETERMINANTS OF STOCK RETURN IN CONSUMER NON-CYLICALS' COMPANIES LISTED ON IDX (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25614)

Siti Hafsah Abdurachman, Sofia Prima Dewi 715-726

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25614/15374)

📳 Abstract views: 0 | 🅞 Download :0

COMPARATIVE STUDY ON THE FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE OF INDONESIAN COMMERCIAL BANKS DUE TO THE CORONA VIRUS OUTBREAK (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25612)

Khairina Natsir, Agus Zainul Arifin, Sutomo Purwoto 727-735

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25612/15373)

🔳 Abstract views: 0 | 🕞 Download :0

ANALYSIS AND STRATEGY FOR PROVIDING CLEAN WATER TO THE SURROUNDING COMMUNITY IN THE MUARA ANGKE AREA

(https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25611)

Septihani Michella Wijaya, Angely Olivia Putri, Andi Wijaya 736-744

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25611/15372)

🔳 Abstract views: 0 | 🎼 Download :0

BUSINESS FEASIBILITY STUDY ON THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE LOCAL FASHION INDUSTRY THROUGH TECHNOLOGY INNOVATION USING KITA LOKAL (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25610)

Septihani Michella Wijaya, Chiara Rizka Yukianti, Livia Johan, Andi Wijaya 745-757

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25610/15371)

📳 Abstract views: 0 | 🎼 Download :0

DETERMINANT FACTORS AFFECTING THE VALUE OF MANUFACTURING COMPANIES LISTED ON THE IDX DURING 2018-2020

(https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25609)

Tiara Christie, Liana Susanto 758-771

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25609/15370)

(🗐 Abstract views: 0 | 🕞 Download :0

THE IMPACT OF FIRM GROWTH, PROFITABILITY, AND FIRM AGE ON DEBT POLICY USING FIRM SIZE AS MODERATOR VARIABLE

(https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25608)

Noviana Margaretha, Viriany Viriany 772-780

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25608/15369)

| Abstract views: 0 | 🕞 Download :0

UNDERSTANDING THE DYNAMICS OF ENTREPRENEURIAL PASSION IN ENTREPRENEURSHIP STUDENTS (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25607)

Enrita Atlansyah, Kartika Nuringsih 781-792

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25607/15368)

UNDERSTANDING SUSTAINABLE ENTREPRENEURSHIP STUDY THROUGH BIBLIOMETRIC ANALYSIS (GROUNDED THEORY)

(https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25606)

Kartika Nuringsih, Nuryasman M. N, Haris Maupa, Otto R. Payangan 793-804

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25606/15367)

📳 Abstract views: 0 | 🎼 Download :0

WISDOM APPRECIATION IN SUSTAINABLE MANAGEMENT THOUGHT: AS GROUNDED THEORY (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25605)

Kartika Nuringsih, Herlina Budiono, Haris Maupa, Muhammad Idrus Taba 805-813

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25605/15366)
--

🔳 Abstract views: 0 | 🕞 Download :0

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL DISTRESS IN MANUFACTURING COMPANIES LISTED ON THE IDX (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25604)

Agusti Fransisca Salim, Yanti Yanti 814-827

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25604/15365)

Abstract views: 0 | nownload :0

FACTORS AFFECTING THE STOCK PRICES OF MANUFACTURING COMPANIES LISTED ON THE IDX BEFORE AND DURING THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25603)

Audrey Audrey, Yanti Yanti 828-844

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25603/15364)

| 📳 Abstract views: 0 | 🕞 Download :0

FACTORS AFFECT STOCK PRICES ON MANUFACTURING COMPANIES LISTED ON IDX BEFORE AND DURING COVID-19 PANDEMIC

(https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25601)

Tia Talia Tirtadjaya, Yanti Yanti 845-860

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25601/15362)

🔳 Abstract views: 0 | 🕞 Download :0

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL DISTRESS IN MANUFACTURING COMPANIES LISTED ON IDX (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25600)

Putri Rahayuningtyas, Yanti Yanti 861-870

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25600/15360)

📳 Abstract views: 0 | 🎼 Download :0

FACTORS THAT AFFECT FIRM VALUE IN MANUFACTURING FIRMS (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25598)

Rhenaldi Natanael Kurniawan, Merry Susanti 871-879

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25598/15359)

Abstract views: 0 | 🎼 Download :0

DO HEDONISM LIFESTYLE AND FINANCIAL LITERACY AFFECT TO STUDENT'S PERSONAL FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT? (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25596)

Noven Yana, Ignatius Roni Setyawan 880-888

PDF (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25596/15356)

Abstract views: 0 | Image Download :0

DESIGN MANAGEMENT IN TODAY'S BUSINESS: A REVIEW (https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/article/view/25593)

Maitri Widya Mutiara, Agustinus Purna Irawan, Eddy Supriyatna Marizar 889-898



Template



(https://docs.google.com/document/d/1h39XGU5_5eMJAXhKGSvEGVhpxMrxwRCF/edit?

usp=share_link&ouid=112826885138839568747&rtpof=true&sd=true)

PROFILE MENU

Contact

Editorial Team (/index.php/ijaeb/about/editorialTeam)

Focus and Scope (/index.php/ijaeb/about#focusAndScope)

Indexing

Stat III (https://statcounter.com/p12907097/summary/)

View My Stats (https://statcounter.com/p12844469/?guest=1)



Indexed by :



(https://scholar.google.com/citations?hl=id&user=UuFn-

joAAAAJ&view_op=list_works&authuser=2&gmla=AOV7GLMmf1WMkuBiJJMC0LiHjEROHc_rOjP_5mNgA2HCGL6-7p0men-j8wm22Zu3MGLdhGHqGsTFvVj60JgtCV4)



(https://portal.issn.org/resource/ISSN/2723-6404)



(http://untar.ac.id/)

Bigging Strate Program of Universitas Tarumanagara Platform & Workflow by Workflow by OIS/PKP

(https://journal.untar.ac.id/index.php/ijaeb/about/aboutThisPublishingSystem)

Analysis of the Causes of Company Performance in Family Companies in the Manufacturing Industry

Elisa Elisa¹, Hadi Cahyadi^{1*}

¹Faculty of Economics & Business, Universitas Tarumanagara, West Jakarta - 11470, Indonesia ^{*}Email: hadic@fe.untar.ac.id

Submitted: 01-04-2022, Revised: 16-09-2022, Accepted: 24-03-2023

ABSTRACT

The purpose of this study was to obtain empirical evidence on the effect of family ownership, firm size, firm age, family involvement on the board of commissioners, and family involvement on the board of directors on firm performance. In this study, secondary data was used tested using SPSS version 21. This study used data on manufacturing companies listed on the Indonesia Stock Exchange from the period 2017-2019, as many as 28 family companies engaged in the manufacturing sector that has been selected using the purposive sampling method with a total of 84 data for three years. The results showed that family ownership and firm size had a significant positive effect on firm performance. In contrast, firm age, family involvement on the board of commissioners, and family involvement on the board of directors had no effect on firm performance.

Keywords: family ownership, firm size, firm age, family involvement on the board, firm performance

1. INTRODUCTION

Family companies still dominate most companies in Indonesia, where this family company has advantages and disadvantages that have an impact on company performance [1]. Previous research on family firms often focus on the negative effects of family ownership and view family firms as a relatively inefficient and unprofitable form of organization [1]. However, according to research by [2], family ownership has a positive and significant effect, while institutional ownership has a negative effect on company performance.

The founder of a company in a family company certainly plays an essential role in the sustainability of the performance of a family company to be able to pass on his legacy to the next generation. Of course, the road to surviving in business is not easy, so with the existence of a family business, efforts have been made to improve governance, leadership transition, and even sustainability for the next generation. The need for early education carried out in the family such as fostering concern for others, entrepreneurship, integrity, and courtesy so that the successor of the company can run the company well [3].

The number of board directors involved in this family relationship is usually held in family companies [4]. This raises the issue of researching boards of directors and commissioners in family companies. High family ownership can affect the company's operations in relation to decision making where the presence of family shareholders is the highest in the company. Therefore, they can get the benefits and advantages of the shares they own by increasing the value and performance of the company [5].

However, according to [6], family companies emphasize or focus on the stability of a large corporate network rather than increasing profits or increasing share prices for them. Therefore, this study aims to examine whether there is an effect of family ownership, firm size, firm age, family involvement in the board of commissioners as proxied by a dummy

variable, family involvement in the board of directors as proxied by a dummy variable on company performance as proxied by Return On. Assets (ROA).

Based on the explanation of the problems and discrepancies and the lack of reference data, this research will be conducted on the influence of family ownership structure, firm size, age, family involvement in the board of directors, and family involvement in the board commissioners on company performance.

2. BACKGROUND

Agency Theory

[7] defines agency theory as an agreement made between the principal and the agent in a company where the principal is the owner in the company, and the agent is the representative of management who performs a service on behalf of the principal, which includes the delegation of decision-making rights to the agent.

Therefore, a conflict of interest can arise between the principal and the agent because the agent does not carry out decisions in accordance with the principal.

Stewardship Theory

Stewardship theory uses a different approach model, where the approach refines than agency theory for the agent concerned [8]. Managers act as stewards, not agents, thereby obtaining higher utility from the organization. Stewardship theory prioritizes common interests over personal interests. In agency theory, it prioritizes self-interested behavior.

Family Ownership

Companies that are purely publicly owned only exist in a few large countries, whereas in developing countries, including Indonesia, most companies are family-owned [9] in [10] Family ownership is an essential factor that increases business efficiency and allows family firms to survive over time [11].

This family ownership affects the company's performance because family members are in control of the company. Therefore there is less conflict of interest where managerial and the owner are on one side, namely fellow family members. So with fellow family members play an essential role in the company and automatically influence the company's decision-making in the short and long term.

H1: Family Ownership has a positive and significant effect on company performance.

Firm Size

Firm size is the level of the size of the company. Various indicators can be used to measure the size of a company, namely the value of assets and the amount of capital [12]. Company size shows how many total assets are owned in a company. The larger the company, the greater the funds managed and the more complex the management [13].

Firm size describes the level of the size of a company based on the total assets owned by the company. However, large companies are easier to get funding and have grown their

businesses to be much more complex. Firm size refers to the level of achievement attained by a business; if a business is larger, it has generated a significant amount of profit to expand. **H2: Company size has a positive and significant effect on company performance.**

Firm Age

The age of the company describes the length of time a company has been established [14]. The company's age reflects that a company can compete with competitors and survive in the industrial sector, which illustrates the company's high performance because the company can maintain an existence that still exists today [15].

With the increasing age of the company, it will gain the experience that is owned to continue to survive so that its business can develop because it has passed the challenges faced such as facing competitors both new companies and old companies, knowing market conditions, getting a competitive advantage to be able to maintain its business.

H3: The age of the company has a positive and significant effect on the company's performance.

Family Involvement in the Board of Commissioners

The board of commissioners is one of the control functions contained in a company. The control function performed by the board of commissioners is a practical form of agency theory [13]. The 2007 Company Law regulates the role of the Board of Commissioners, who is responsible for monitoring and providing advice on the decisions of the Board of Directors [5].

The existence of a relationship between the commissioner and the owner of the company in the form of many familial relationships in Indonesia makes the board of commissioners be able to supervise the directors better (control function works well). So with the supervision carried out by the board of commissioners, it can reduce agency costs and improve company performance.

H4: Family involvement in the board of commissioners has a positive and significant effect on company performance.

Family Involvement in the Board of Directors

The board of directors is a party in a corporate entity in charge of carrying out the operations and management of the company [13]. The 2007 Company Law regulates the function of the board of directors as the authority responsible for the company's operations. Each member of the board of directors must be responsible for the company's strategic decisions, and the achievement of the company's corporate vision and mission as well as carry out tasks and make decisions in accordance with the division of tasks and authorities. [5].

With the involvement of the family in the board of directors, the directors will prioritize the interests of their families rather than the interests of the company. Therefore, it can cause losses for the company. In addition, if the family members who are on the board of directors are less competent, it will cause the company's performance to be bad.

H5: Family involvement in the board of directors has a negative and significant effect on company performance.

3. METHODS

The research in this study uses quantitative data. The data in this study were obtained from financial reports through the Indonesian Stock Exchange website in terms of shareholder composition, financial ratios, profiles of the board of commissioners, a profile of the board of directors, and the company's history. The population in this study are all manufacturing companies listed on the Indonesia Stock Exchange (IDX) from 2017 to 2019.

This study uses the purposive sampling method, a technique in taking samples with the aim or based on several conditions or criteria that the researcher 2017-2019 period, 2) Family companies in manufacturing that present financial statements per year on December 31, 3) Companies have complete data related to the dependent and independent variables used in this study, and 4) Companies that do not experience losses in the 2017-2019 period, respectively.

While the object of this study is the independent variable in the form of family ownership, firm size, firm age, family involvement on BOC, family involvement on BOD, and the dependent variable in the form of firm performance, this study measured company performance using return on assets (ROA), namely net income divided by total company assets [16]. Return on assets is one of the best indicators to measure company performance. Return on assets is a comprehensive measurement indicator to see the company's state based on existing financial statements. It includes elements in the Statement of Financial Position and Income Statement. A high level of company profitability can indicate that the company's managerial performance is good [17]. The higher the Return on Assets ratio, the company has high profitability and vice versa [19]. From this explanation, it can be calculated as follows:

$$ROA = \frac{Net Income}{Total Assets}$$

In this study, family ownership is measured by the percentage of family ownership in the company [5]. According to [18] in [5], family ownership can be measured as the ratio of equity shares owned by each owner of the issued share capital so that it refers to the identity of equity shareholders and the size of family ownership in the company.

FO = % shares owned by a family member

In this study, firm size can be proxied using the natural logarithm of total assets. The use of natural logarithms aims to minimize fluctuations in absolute values and prevent heteroscedasticity, and the data will tend to be normally distributed [19]. The company's size can describe how much assets are owned when measured by the company's total assets. Companies classified as large will get maximum profits because they can optimize existing resources and vice versa. If a small company such as MSME can undoubtedly generate profits, it is relatively small according to its assets [17]. Company size can be measured using the following calculation formula:

$$FS = Ln$$
 (Total Assets)

International Journal of Application on Economics and Business (IJAEB) Volume 1, Issue 2, 2023. ISSN: 2987-1972

In this study, firm age can be measured by subtracting the year understudy from the company's founding [20]. This study also measures the age of the company in line Apriliani & Dewayanto uses the total years the company operates, namely from the company's establishment to the year the observations were made. The age of the company describes the length of time a company has been established [14]. Company age can be measured as follows:

$$FA = Age understudy - Age of establishment of the company$$

As a determination of the actual ownership of the company, the existence of family involvement is measured by the involvement of one or more family members based on family relationships with company owners and controlling shareholders. The presence of family members on the Board of Commissioners is measured using a dummy variable, where a value of 1 is given if there is a family member on the Board of Commissioners and vice versa, a value of 0 is given if there is no family on the Board of Commissioners [5].

Family involvement as a board of directors, according to [21], is measured using a dummy variable based on its ownership structure where a value of 1 is given if a family company owns the company, while a value of 0 is given if the company is non-family owned, such as BUMN, and MNC. In this study, the presence of family members on the Board of Directors is measured using a dummy variable, where a value of 1 is given if there is a family member on the Board of Directors and vice versa, a value of 0 is given if there is no family on the Board of Directors [5].

4. FINDINGS AND DISCUSSIONS

Multiple Regression Analysis

Table 1 Testing the Regression Coefficient Simultaneously (F-Test)

Model		Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.							
	Regression	.039	5	.008	7.338	.000 ^b							
1	Residual	.084	78	.001									
	Total	.123	83										

ANOVA^a

a. Dependent Variable: ROA

b. Predictors: (Constant), FI on BOD, FA, FS, FI on BOC, FO

Based on the Anova Table, the F-value of 7.338 is obtained with a significant level (sig) of 0.000. Because the significant level is much less than 0.05, it can be concluded that there is an effect of family ownership, company age, company size, family involvement in the board of directors, and family involvement in the board of commissioners together on the company performance

Coefficients													
Model	Unstandardized Coefficients		Standardized Coefficients	t	Sig.	95% Confidence Interval for B		Collinearity Statistics					
	В	Std. Error	Beta			Lower Bound	Upper Bound	Tolerance	VIF				
(Constant)	289	.070		-4.141	.000	427	150						
FO	.045	.022	.231	2.066	.042	.002	.089	.696	1.437				
FS	.011	.003	.428	4.292	.000	.006	.016	.876	1.141				
¹ FA	001	.000	166	-1.661	.101	001	.000	.869	1.150				
FI on BOC	.002	.013	.014	.135	.893	023	.027	.841	1.190				
FI on BOD	.020	.017	.138	1.212	.229	013	.054	.677	1.478				

Table 2 Multiple Linear Regression Test

Coefficiente

a. Dependent Variable: ROA

Based on the regression equation in Table 6, it can be concluded that the constant value for company performance as a proxy for ROA (Y) is -0.289. Next, the coefficient value of family ownership (X1) is 0.045. Furthermore, the coefficient value of company size (X2) is 0.011. Then the coefficient value in the company age variable (X3) is -0.001. The coefficient value of family involvement in the board of commissioners (X4) is 0.002. Finally, the coefficient value of family involvement in the board of directors (X5) is 0.020.

Based on the coefficient table above, the sig value of each independent variable is more than 0.05 except for family ownership (X1) and company size (X2), where the sig values are 0.042 and 0.000, respectively. So it can be concluded that there is a significant effect of family ownership and firm size on firm performance separately. There is no influence of company age, family involvement in the board of commissioners, and family involvement in the board of directors on the company's performance separately.

Family ownership can improve company performance. Family members who control the company can reduce conflicts of interest where managers and owners are on one side, namely fellow family members. Therefore, it can influence the company's decision-making both in the short and long term. Firm size can improve company performance. Firm size describes a level of achievement achieved by the company where if the company is bigger, the company has generated a lot of profits to expand the company to be bigger. Firm age has no effect on the company's performance. Although the company has a long life with a diverse history and experience, it cannot generate continuous profits every year. New companies can also generate profits even though they do not have great experience running their business. Family involvement in the board of commissioners has no effect on the company's performance. With the existence of this board of commissioners having a family relationship or not, if someone who serves as the board of commissioners is competent in supervising and can provide advice to the board of directors, it can improve performance in the company regardless of whether the person has a family relationship or not. Family involvement in the board of directors does not affect the company's performance. Regardless of whether a director has a family relationship or not, if the person is competent in managing and

compiling strategic plans and making the best decisions for the company, it can improve performance within the company.

5. CONCLUSIONS

Family ownership has a positive influence on company performance, and company size has a positive influence on company performance. In addition, the age of the company has no effect on the company's performance; family involvement in the board of commissioners has no effect on the company's performance. Even family involvement in the board of directors has no effect on firm performance.

This research is far from perfect and has limitations. The limitation is that the dependent variable used is firm performance only measured using ROA. Then the independent variables used do not represent the overall factors that cause firm performance in family companies. However, it is hoped that this research can benefit future researchers and contribute to education.

REFERENCES

- [1] N. D. V. Thejakusuma and Juniarti, "Pengaruh Struktur Kepemilikan Keluarga terhadap Kinerja Perusahaan pada Sektor Pertambangan,". *Business Accounting Review*, vol. 5, no. 2, pp. 289-300, Agt. 2017.
- [2] S. R. M. Musallam, H. Fauzi, and N. Nagu, "Family, institutional investors ownerships and corporate performance: the case of Indonesia," *Social Responsibility Journal*, vol. 15, no. 1, pp. 1–10, Feb. 2019, doi: 10.1108/SRJ-08-2017-0155.
- [3] Cahyadi, H., Tan, J. D., Sugiarto, S., Widjaja, A. W., & Pramono, R. FOUNDERS'VALUES CONTRIBUTING TO THE INTERGENERATIONAL SUCCESSION OF LARGE FAMILY BUSINESSES. Jurnal Muara Ilmu Ekonomi dan Bisnis, 5(1), 59-73.
- [4] S. Yopie and B. Chandra, "Peran Struktur Dewan Dalam Mempengaruhi Kinerja Pada Nilai Perusahaan Keluarga," *Jurnal Ekonomi & Ekonomi Syariah*, vol. 2, no. 1, 2019.
- [5] M. Arifai, A. T. Tran, M. Moslehpour, and W. K. Wong, "Two-tier board system and Indonesian family owned firms performance," *Management Science Letters*, vol. 8, no. 7, pp. 737–754, 2018, doi: 10.5267/j.msl.2018.5.011.
- [6] E. Kurniawan and D. Juniarti, "Pengaruh Struktur Kepemilikan Keluarga Terhadap Kinerja Perusahaan Pada Sektor Property, Real Estate dan Konstruksi Bangunan," . *Business Accounting Review*, vol. 5, no. 2, pp. 253-264, Agt. 2017.
- [7] M. C. Jensen and W. H. Meckling, "THEORY OF THE FIRM: MANAGERIAL BEHAVIOR, AGENCY COSTS AND OWNERSHIP STRUCTURE," Q North-Holland Publishing Company, 1976.

- [8] M. A. Fox and R. T. Hamilton, "OWNERSHIP AND DIVERSIFICATION: AGENCY THEORY OR STEWARDSHIP THEORY," *Journal of Management Studies*, vol. 31, no. 1, pp. 69–81, 1994, doi: 10.1111/j.1467-6486.1994.tb00333.x.
- [9] De Pontet, S. B., Aronoff, C. E., Mendoza, D. S., & Ward, J. L. (2012). Siblings and the family business: Making it work for business, the family, and the future: Palgrave Macmillan.
- [10] R. Purnama Sari, S. Suryaningrum, and D. Setyo Budiarto, "Does family firm have better performance? empirical research in indonesia smes," *AKUNTABEL*, vol. 16, no. 2, pp. 2019–263, 2019, [Online]. Available: http://journal.feb.unmul.ac.id/index.php/ AKUNTABEL
- [11] A. S. Saleh, E. Halili, R. Zeitun, and R. Salim, "Global financial crisis, ownership structure and firm financial performance: An examination of listed firms in Australia," *Studies in Economics and Finance*, vol. 34, no. 4, pp. 447–465, 2017, DOI: 10.1108/SEF-09-2016-0223.
- [12] A. L. Cardilla, M. Muslih, and D. R. Ahari, "PENGARUH ARUS KAS OPERASI, UMUR PERUSAHAAN, DAN UKURAN PERUSAHAAN TERHADAP KINERJA PERUSAHAAN PERBANKAN YANG TERDAFTAR DI BURSA EFEK INDONESIA PERIODE 2011-2016,". *FIRM Journal of Management Studies*, vol. 4, no. 1, pp. 68-78, 2019.
- [13] P. P. Sukandar and H. Rahardja, "PENGARUH UKURAN DEWAN DIREKSI DAN DEWAN KOMISARIS SERTA UKURAN PERUSAHAAN TERHADAP KINERJA KEUANGAN PERUSAHAAN,". *Diponegoro Journal of Accounting*, vol. 0, pp. 689-695, Agt. 2014.
- [14] Arisadi, Y. C., & Djazuli, A. (2013). Pengaruh Ukuran Perusahaan, Umur Perusahaan, Current Ratio, Debt to Equity Ratio dan Fixed Asset to Total Asset Ratio terhadap Kinerja Keuangan pada Perusahaan Manufaktur di Bursa Efek Indonesia. Jurnal Aplikasi Manajemen, 11(4), 567-574.
- [15] M. T. Apriliani and T. Dewayanto, "PENGARUH TATA KELOLA PERUSAHAAN, UKURAN PERUSAHAAN DAN UMUR PERUSAHAAN TERHADAP KINERJA PERUSAHAAN," *DIPONEGORO JOURNAL OF ACCOUNTING*, 2018.
- [16] D. Kartikasari and M. Merianti, "International Journal of Economics and Financial Issues The Effect of Leverage and Firm Size to Profitability of Public Manufacturing Companies in Indonesia," *International Journal of Economics and Financial Issues*, vol. 6, no. 2, pp. 409–413, 2016, [Online]. Available: http://ssrn.com/abstract=2769118 http:www.econjournals.com
- [17] T. Prijanto, A. Veno, and Chuzaimah, "PENGARUH UKURAN PERUSAHAAN DAN LIKUIDITAS TERHADAP KINERJA PERUSAHAAN (Studi Empiris pada Perusahaan Manufaktur yang terdaftar di Bursa Efek Indonesia Tahun 2013-2015),". Jurnal Akuntansi dan Sistem Teknologi Informasi, vol. 13, no. 4, 2014.

- [18] R. C. Anderson and D. M. Reeb, "Founding-Family Ownership and Firm Performance: Evidence from the S&P 500,". *Journal of Finance*, vol. 58, no. 3, pp. 1301-1328, Mei. 2003.
- [19] V. Hansen and Juniarti, "PENGARUH FAMILY CONTROL, SIZE, SALES GROWTH, DAN LEVERAGE TERHADAP PROFITABILITAS DAN NILAI PERUSAHAAN PADA SEKTOR PERDAGANGAN, JASA, DAN INVESTASI,". Business Accounting Review, vol. 2, no. 1, pp. 121-130, Agt. 2017.
- [20] J. Goldwin and Y. J. Christiawan, "PENGARUH PENERAPAN CORPORATE GOVERNANCE TERHADAP KINERJA KEUANGAN PERUSAHAAN DENGAN UKURAN PERUSAHAAN DAN UMUR PERUSAHAAN SEBAGAI VARIABEL KONTROL,". *Business Accounting Review*, vo. 5, no. 2, pp. 217-228, Agt. 2017.
- [21] Q. R. Yasser, A. al Mamun, and M. Rodrigs, "Impact of board structure on firm performance: evidence from an emerging economy," *Journal of Asia Business Studies*, vol. 11, no. 2, pp. 210–228, 2017, doi: 10.1108/JABS-06-2015-0067.